## Glossary

accentuate [V-T-U1] To accentuate something is to draw attention to it. zaakcentować, podkreślić anchor [V-T-U6] To anchor something is to hold it in a particular position. osadzić
arbor [N-COUNT-U10] An arbor is an arch-like structure that is often covered by vines or climbing plants. altana, altanka (łukowato zwieńczona lekka konstrukcja, często porośnięta roślinami)
asymmetrical [ADJ-U1] If a design is asymmetrical, its two halves are not identical. asymetryczny balance [N-UNCOUNT-U1] Balance is the quality of how well the parts of a design have an equal visual weight. równowaga, balans
bank [N-COUNT-U8] A bank is the land on the sides of a pool. brzeg
base [N-COUNT-U9] A base is a foundation or the lowest level of something. podstawa
bench [N-COUNT-U10] A bench is a long seat that multiple people can sit on at once. ławka
brick-set [N-COUNT-U4] A brick-set is a tool that is used to make cuts in brick. przecinak do cegieł
budget [N-COUNT-U14] A budget is a plan for how available money will be spent. budżet
carpenter [N-COUNT-U15] A carpenter is a person who builds structures out of wood. stolarz, cieśla
cleanup [N-UNCOUNT-U11] Cleanup is the act of removing unwanted material from an area. sprzątanie, oczyszczanie closer [N-COUNT-U7] A closer is a brick at the end of a course. cegła ułamkowa
code [N-COUNT-U6] A code is a rule or regulation. kodeks
collaborate [V-I-U14] To collaborate is to work together with another person or group to complete a task. współpracować
commercial [ADJ-U11] If an area is commercial, it is related to businesses. komercyjny
compacted [ADJ-U4] If something is compacted, it has been pushed down so that it is hard. zagęszczony
compliance [N-UNCOUNT-U13] Compliance is the act of obeying a rule. zgodność
conform [V-I-U8] To conform is to change shape in response to the surroundings. dostosować, dopasować
construction [N-UNCOUNT-U12] Construction is the act of building something. budowa
consultant [N-COUNT-U15] A consultant is a person who is paid to offer his or her expertise on a particular subject. konsultant, doradca
contract [V-T-U14] To contract somebody is to enter into a work agreement with him or her. zatrudniać
contrast [N-UNCOUNT-U1] Contrast is the quality of one element in a design being different from another one nearby. kontrast
coping [N-COUNT-U8] A coping is a border of stones surrounding a water feature. zwieńczenie
corner post [N-COUNT-U6] A corner post is a post that marks an outer corner of a fenced enclosure. słupek narożny
cost [N-COUNT-U14] A cost is an amount of money required to buy or do something. koszt
course [N-COUNT-U7] A course is a horizontal layer of bricks within a wall. warstwa cegieł w murze
crew [N-COUNT-U14] A crew is a group of people who work together on a task. ekipa, zespół
curb appeal [N-UNCOUNT-U12] Curb appeal is the level of attractiveness of a property when it is viewed from the street. zewnętrzna atrakcyjność domu widzianego od strony ulicy
cure [V-I-U5] To cure is to harden properly and become permanent, and refers to substances like concrete that begin in a wet form and eventually become dry. twardnieć, wiązać (o betonie)
curved [ADJ-U9] If something is curved, it is bent and follows a rounded path. zaokrąglony, zakrzywiony
deck [ $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{COUNT}-\mathrm{U10}$ ] A deck is an outdoor platform. taras (drewniana platforma posadowiona nad poziomem gruntu)
design [N-COUNT-U12] A design is a plan for how something will appear when it is built. projekt
design/build [ADJ-U12] If a landscape company is design/build, it both develops plans for an outdoor space and performs construction according to those plans. projektowo-budowlany
designated [ADJ-U3] If something is designated, it is selected to fulfill a particular purpose in the future. wyznaczony, przeznaczony
dry run [N-COUNT-U4] A dry run is a test exercise that a person does to prepare for an event or project, and does not result in permanent changes. próba przed realizacją właściwego zadania, próba „na sucho"
ecology [N-UNCOUNT-U12] Ecology is the area of study that focuses on how plants and animals in the environment interact with each other. ekologia
elevated box [N-COUNT-U9] An elevated box is a bed with legs. podwyższona skrzynka, skrzynka na nóżkach
English bond [N-UNCOUNT-U7] English bond is a pattern of laying bricks for a wall in which the courses alternate between layers of headers and layers of stretchers. In other words, if the first course is all headers, then the second course is all stretchers. wiązanie angielskie
EPDM [N-UNCOUNT-U8] EPDM is a type of synthetic rubber that is often used to construct liners for water features. EPDM (syntetyczny kauczuk)
equipment operator [N-COUNT-U15] An equipment operator is a person who controls a piece of equipment, such as a crane or a bulldozer. operator urządzeń, operator maszyny
estate [N-COUNT-U11] An estate is a large area of private property. posiadłość
estimate [N-COUNT-U14] An estimate is a prediction of the likely cost of a project, and is usually presented to a client for approval before work is completed. kosztorys
even [ADJ-U4] If something is even, its surface is all the same level, so that some parts are not higher or lower than other parts. równy, płaski
excavate [V-T-U5] To excavate a site is to dig a hole in the ground in preparation for building. wykopać, wydrążyć existing [ADJ-U3] If something is existing, it is already present in a location. (już) istniejący, zastany
expansion joint [N-COUNT-U5] An expansion joint is a part of a structure that holds joint filler, which flexes as the structure expands or contracts with temperature changes. dylatacja, szczelina dylatacyjna
fence [N-COUNT-U6] A fence is a structure that forms a boundary between two outdoor areas. płot, ogrodzenie
fireplace [N-COUNT-U10] A fireplace is a stone or brick structure that is designed to contain a fire. palenisko
fish [N-COUNT-U8] A fish is an animal that lives in water and has gills, scales, and fins. ryba
flagstone [N-COUNT-U4] A flagstone is a flat piece of stone that is used for paving. płyta chodnikowa
Flemish bond [N-UNCOUNT-U7] Flemish bond is a pattern of laying bricks for a wall in which each course has alternating headers and stretchers. In other words, headers and stretchers exist together in the same course. wiązanie flamandzkie
focal point [N-COUNT-U1] A focal point is an area that attracts the eye. punkt centralny, punkt ogniskowy
footing [N-UNCOUNT-U7] A footing is the lowest part of a wall, which begins underground. podstawa, fundament
foreman [N-COUNT-U15] A foreman is a person who oversees a team of workers. brygadzista
form board [N-COUNT-U5] A form board is a piece of wood that forms the outer edge of a concrete slab. deskowanie, szalunek
fountain [N-COUNT-U8] A fountain is a water feature that sprays water into the air. fontanna, wodotrysk
frame [V-T-U9] To frame something is to surround it with walls or borders. obramować
frost heave [N-UNCOUNT-U6] Frost heave is an event in which freezing water underground pushes fence posts upward. wysadzina gruntu spowodowana mrozem
gardener [N-COUNT-U15] A gardener is a person who grows and maintains plants in an outdoor area. ogrodnik
gas line [N-COUNT-U2] A gas line is an underground pipeline that carries natural gas. rura gazowa
gate [N-COUNT-U6] A gate is a part of a fence that can be opened and closed. brama
gatepost [ N -COUNT-U6] A gatepost is a post that borders and supports the gate of a fence. słupek bramowy

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gazebo [ N -COUNT-U10] A gazebo is a structure that consists of posts supporting a roof so that the sides are mostly open to the outside. altana (zadaszona budowla ogrodowa o ażurowych ścianach)
geology [ $N$-UNCOUNT-U12] Geology is the area of study that focuses on natural processes of the Earth and elements that make up the ground, such as rocks and minerals. geologia
geometry [N-UNCOUNT-U1] Geometry is the area of mathematics that is related to shapes and spatial relationships. geometria
GFCI [ $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{COUNT}-\mathrm{U} 8]$ A GFCI (ground fault circuit interrupter) is a device that provides protection against electric shocks. wyłącznik różnicowoprądowy
green [ADJ-U12] If something is green, it is good for the environment or causes minimal harm. ekologiczny
ground-level bed [N-COUNT-U9] A ground-level bed is an area for growing plants that is the same height as the surrounding ground. grządka na poziomie gruntu
groundskeeper [N-COUNT-U15] A groundskeeper is a person who performs maintenance in an outdoor area. ogrodnik, konserwator zieleni
groundskeeping [N-UNCOUNT-U11] Groundskeeping is the act of maintaining an outdoor area. opieka nad terenem zielonym
grout [V-T-U4] To grout something is to fill spaces around the edges or between the parts of it. fugować, spoinować
grout [N-UNCOUNT-U7] Grout is a mixture of mortar and water that is used to fill spaces between parts of a wall or other structure. zaprawa do spoinowania
hardscaping [N-UNCOUNT-U10] Hardscaping is the practice of building outdoor-living structures in a garden or other setting. budownictwo ogrodowe
header [N-COUNT-U7] A header is a brick laid crosswise on a wall, so that the short end is visible on the outside. główka (cegła położona krótszym bokiem do lica muru)
horticulture [N-UNCOUNT-U12] Horticulture is the area of study that focuses on cultivating plants and trees. ogrodnictwo
industrial design [N-UNCOUNT-U13] Industrial design is the development of features and structures that improve the use of products. wzornictwo przemystowe
infrastructure [N-UNCOUNT-U13] Infrastructure is the network of structures and systems that connects different parts of a city or area. infrastruktura
institution [N-COUNT-U11] An institution is a group that exists to offer a particular service or purpose. Schools and hospitals are examples of institutions. instytucja
insured [ADJ-U14] If a person is insured, he or she has financial protection if a particular harmful event occurs. ubezpieczony
intensity [N-UNCOUNT-U1] Intensity is the strength or amount of effect that something has. intensywność, wyrazistość
intermittent [ADJ-U11] If something is intermittent, it stops and starts frequently, rather than occurring constantly. okresowy
joint filler [N-COUNT-U5] A joint filler is a material that fills an expansion joint. materiał wypetniający lączenia
laborer [N-COUNT-U15] A laborer is a person who performs manual work, and usually does not manage other workers or make major decisions about the work. robotnik, pracownik fizyczny
landscape architect [N-COUNT-U15] A landscape architect is a person who designs outdoor spaces to achieve a particular effect or serve a particular purpose. architekt krajobrazu
landscape architecture [N-UNCOUNT-U12] Landscape architecture is the design of outdoor spaces to achieve a particular effect or serve a particular purpose. architektura krajobrazu
landscape engineer [N-COUNT-U15] A landscape engineer is a person who assess the mathematical and structural properties of landscaping designs. inżynier krajobrazu
lawn care [N-UNCOUNT-U11] Lawn care is the act of growing and maintaining grass in a yard. pielęgnacja trawnika
lay [V-T-U4] To lay something is to place it down on a surface, such as the ground. kłaść, położyć
level [V-T-U5] To level something is to make its surface even. wyrównać, wypoziomować
licensed [ADJ-U14] If a person is licensed, he or she has formal permission to do something. licencjonowany, posiadający uprawnienia
lighting [N-UNCOUNT-U10] Lighting is the way that an area is illuminated or made visible when it is dark. oświetlenie liner [ N -COUNT-U8] A liner is a sheet that covers the inner sides of something, such as a pool. wyściółka, okładzina living area [N-COUNT-U3] A living area is a part of a lot that is designated for general use, such as relaxing or socializing. przestrzeń do wypoczynku, zabawy itp.
lot [N-COUNT-U3] A lot is an area of land. parcela
main approach [N-COUNT-U3] A main approach is the designated way that a person enters a lot. główne wejście maintenance [N-UNCOUNT-U11] Maintenance is the act of keeping something in good or usable condition. utrzymanie, pielęgnacja
map [V-T-U3] To map a piece of land is to create a visual representation of its main features and landmarks on a flat surface, such as a piece of paper or a computer screen. odwzorować, sporządzać mapę
masonry [N-UNCOUNT-U7] Masonry is the process of using brick, concrete, or stone to build something. murarstwo
master planning [N-UNCOUNT-U14] Master planning is the practice of developing long-term, comprehensive plans for completing large projects, usually involving coordination among multiple people or departments. projekt generalny
maul [N-COUNT-U4] A maul is a hammer-like tool with a heavy head and a handle. młot
mimic [V-T-U9] To mimic something is to imitate it. naśladować, imitować
mixer [N-COUNT-U5] A mixer is a device that stirs different materials together until they are well combined. mieszalnik
mortar [N-COUNT-U4] Mortar is a building material that hardens as it dries and is used to join bricks together. zaprawa murarska
neighboring [ADJ-U3] If something is neighboring, it borders or exists immediately beside something else. sąsiedni ongoing [ADJ-U11] If something is ongoing, it occurs regularly or continuously, without interruption. ciągły, trwający nieprzerwanie
ordinance [N-COUNT-U13] An ordinance is a local rule or law. zarządzenie, rozporządzenie
outcrop [N-COUNT-U9] An outcrop is a rocky feature that juts outward from the ground. odkrywka (miejsce występowania skały lub złoża na powierzchni ziemi)
outdoor living [N-UNCOUNT-U10] Outdoor living is the practice of spending recreational time outside. przebywanie na świeżym powietrzu
outline [V-T-U9] To outline something is to draw a border around the edge of it. wyznaczyć
park [N-COUNT-U11] A park is an outdoor area that is open to the public of a community. park
parks and recreation [N-UNCOUNT-U13] Parks and recreation is a department of local government that oversees and maintains community spaces and outdoor activities. parki i rekreacja (określenie oznaczające miejskie tereny zielone wraz z infrastrukturą)
path [N-COUNT-U4] A path is an area of ground which is intended for people to walk on. ścieżka
patio [N-COUNT-U4] A patio is a flat outdoor area that is covered with bricks, concrete, or another type of hard material, and is often next to a building. taras (platforma wykonana $z$ trwałych materiałów, np. $z$ betonu, posadowiona na powierzchni gruntu, zwykle przy ścianie budynku)
patterns [N-COUNT-U1] Patterns are repeated series of shapes and forms. wzory
paver [N-COUNT-U4] A paver is one of many stones or bricks that are used to form a walkway or other surface on the ground. kostka brukowa

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permit [ N -COUNT-U13] A permit is an official document that authorizes someone to do something. pozwolenie, zezwolenie
picket [N-COUNT-U6] A picket is a type of post that has a pointed end and forms part of a fence. sztacheta
pilaster [N-COUNT-U7] A pilaster is a thick column that is built into a wall for stability. pilaster
plat [N-COUNT-U2] A plat is a map of a piece of property. plan działki
playground [N-COUNT-U13] A playground is an area, often in a park, that contains equipment that children can play on. plac zabaw
plot [N-COUNT-U2] A plot is a piece of land that is specifically defined or designated for something. działka
plumb [ADJ-U7] If something is plumb, it is perfectly vertical and does not lean to one side or another. pionowy, prosty
pool [N-COUNT-U8] A pool is a small body of water. niewielki zbiornik wodny (np. sadzawka, mały staw)
post [N-COUNT-U6] A post is a piece of wood, metal, or another material that is placed in the ground and stands upright. słup, słupek
pour [V-T-U5] To pour a liquid is to make it flow out from a container onto a surface or into another container. wlewać, nalewać
project manager [N-COUNT-U15] A project manager is a person who oversees work on a particular task or project. menadżer projektu, kierownik projektu
property line [N-COUNT-U2] A property line is the border where one person's land ends and another person's land begins. granica nieruchomości
proportion [N-UNCOUNT-U1] Proportion is the quality of how well the parts of a design relate to each other in regards to form, size, and position. proporcja, stosunek
proposal [N-COUNT-U14] A proposal is a formal suggestion or outline for a project. propozycja
pump [N-COUNT-U8] A pump is a device that moves water. pompa
PVC [N-UNCOUNT-U8] PVC (polyvinyl chloride) is a type of plastic that is often used to construct liners for water features. PVC (polichlorek winylu)
raised bed [ N -COUNT-U9] A raised bed is an area for growing plants that is higher than the surrounding ground. wyniesiona rabata
ready-mix [N-COUNT-U5] If concrete is ready-mix, its ingredients have already been combined by the supplier so that the builder does not need to mix it. gotowa mieszanka
rebar [N-UNCOUNT-U7] Rebar is steel in the form of narrow rods that are commonly built into the center of concrete structures in order to strengthen them. zbrojenie
reclamation [N-UNCOUNT-U12] Reclamation is the practice of taking disused or damaged lands and returning them to a useful or better state. rekultywacja
reference stake [N-COUNT-U5] A reference stake is a sharp object that is inserted in the ground in order to mark a corner or a key part of a work area. palik wyznaczający określony punkt
residential [ADJ-U11] If an area is residential, it is related to places where people live. mieszkaniowy, mieszkalny
retaining wall [ $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{COUNT}-\mathrm{U} 7]$ A retaining wall is a wall built into the ground that limits the movement of water and soil. mur oporowy
rhythm [N-UNCOUNT-U1] Rhythm is the repeated use of similar shapes throughout a design. rytm
rock garden [N-COUNT-U9] A rock garden is a landscape feature that consists of carefully arranged rocks and plants. ogród skalny, skalniak
sand bed [N-COUNT-U4] A sand bed is an area of ground that is covered with small, fine pieces of rock. podsypka z piasku, podbudowa z piasku
score [V-T-U4] To score a stone is to make indentations in its surface in preparation for cutting it. naciąć
screed [N-COUNT-U5] A screed is a tool for leveling. listwa do wyrównywania
screen [N-COUNT-U10] A screen is a structure that blocks something from entering an area. osłona, przesłona sculpture garden [N-COUNT-U10] A sculpture garden is an outdoor area that contains many statues, or pieces of three-dimensional art. ogród rzeźb
septic tank [N-COUNT-U2] A septic tank is a container that collects and holds wastewater. szambo set [V-T-U6] To set a post is to place it in the ground. osadzić, ustawić
setback [N-UNCOUNT-U6] Setback is the distance that something is installed away from a street or other landmark. odległość, jaką należy zachować
sewer line [N-COUNT-U2] A sewer line is an underground pipeline that carries waste. rura kanalizacyjna
signage [N-UNCOUNT-U10] Signage is written information that is posted in a public place. oznakowanie
sink [V-T-U6] To sink something is to move it to a lower position in the ground. zagłębić, wkopać
site [V-T-U2] To site a structure is to mark where it will be built. umiejscowić, usytuować
site analysis [N-COUNT-U13] A site analysis is the process of evaluating a location where a building or development project will occur. analiza uwarunkowań działki (klimatycznych, geograficznych, historycznych, prawnych, infrastrukturalnych)
slab [N-COUNT-U5] A slab is a flat surface that is made of a hard material. płyta (element konstrukcyjny)
slope [N-COUNT-U9] A slope is the ground that forms a natural or artificial incline. stok, zbocze
solar [ADJ-U8] If a device is solar, it is powered by the sun. solarny, zasialny energią słoneczną
special event [N-COUNT-U11] A special event is a planned social occasion. specjalne wydarzenie
stake [N-COUNT-U2] A stake is a sharp object that can be inserted into the ground to mark something, such as a boundary. palik
statuary [N-UNCOUNT-U10] Statuary is a statue or group of statues, or artistic figures constructed of materials such as stone or clay. posąg, rzeźba, rzeźby
step [ N -COUNT-U10] A step is a structure that people walk on when moving to a higher or lower level, usually in a series of stairs. stopień
stonemason [N-COUNT-U15] A stonemason is a person who builds structures out of stone. kamieniarz
straight [ADJ-U9] If something is straight, it does not bend or curve. prosty
street view [N-COUNT-U3] A street view is the part of a street a person can see from a particular lot or piece of property. widok ulicy, widok na ulicę
streetscape [N-COUNT-U12] A streetscape is the design of functional and decorative features along a street or in a particular neighborhood. pejzaż uliczny
stretcher [N-COUNT-U7] A stretcher is a brick laid lengthwise on a wall, so that the long end is visible on the outside. wozówka (cegła położona dłuższym bokiem do lica muru)
supervise [V-T-U14] To supervise someone is to oversee him or her as he or she performs work. nadzorować
survey [V-T-U2] To survey land is to measure it and evaluate it. przeprowadzać pomiary
sustainable development [N-UNCOUNT-U12] Sustainable development is the practice of building structures and systems that will last a long time without using a large quantity of resources. zrównoważony rozwój
symmetrical [ADJ-U1] If a design is symmetrical, its two halves are mirror images of each other. symetryczny
temporary [ADJ-U11] If something is temporary, it is not permanent and only lasts for a certain period of time. tymczasowy
terraced [ADJ-U10] If an area is terraced, it has flat areas or ridges along sloping land. o tarasowym uksztaltowaniu
to scale [ADV PHRASE-U3] If a map or model is drawn to scale, the relationships between its parts are accurate, but the overall size is bigger or smaller than the real space or structure. w skali
topcoat [N-COUNT-U5] A topcoat is a material that covers the surface of something. materiał nawierzchniowy
transportation structure [N-UNCOUNT-U13] Transportation structure is the framework through which people or things move from one location to another. struktura transportu

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tree removal [N-UNCOUNT-U11] Tree removal is the act of taking a tree out of the ground, usually because the tree is causing a problem or because it is dead. usuwanie drzewa
UF cable [N-COUNT-U8] A UF cable is an underground cord that provides electrical power to a pump. podziemny przewód elektryczny
underground [ADJ-U2] If something is underground, it is below the surface of the land. podziemny
unity [N-UNCOUNT-U1] Unity is the quality of how well the parts of a design form a connected whole. spójność
urban planning [N-UNCOUNT-U13] Urban planning is the process of designing city environments. planowanie urbanistyczne
urban renewal [N-UNCOUNT-U13] Urban renewal is the process of improving older areas in a city. rewitalizacja obszarów miejskich
use area [N-COUNT-U3] A use area is a part of a lot that is designed to fulfill a particular purpose. przestrzeń użytkowa utility [N-UNCOUNT-U3] Utility is the quality of having a practical or useful function. praktyczność, użytkowość
variety [N-UNCOUNT-U1] Variety is the quality of being diverse rather than consisting of uniform parts. różnorodność, rozmaitość
view [N-COUNT-U3] A view is the way land looks when seen from a certain place. widok
visual [ADJ-U1] If something is visual, it is related to how a person sees it with his or her eyes. wizualny
wall [ N -COUNT-U7] A wall is a structure that extends up from the ground and serves as a divider or enclosing structure. In may refer to an indoor or an outdoor structure. mur, ściana
water feature [N-COUNT-U8] A water feature is a part of a landscaped area that contains water. Pools and fountains are common water features. obiekt wodny, ozdoba wodna
water line [N-COUNT-U2] A water line is an underground pipeline that carries water. rura wodociągowa
water management [N-UNCOUNT-U13] Water management is the way that water resources are acquired and distributed in a community. gospodarka wodna
waterfall [N-COUNT-U8] A waterfall is a water feature in which water flows downward from a high place to a low place. wodospad
well [N-COUNT-U2] A well is a hole in the ground that may be used to access underground water. studnia workmanship [N-UNCOUNT-U14] Workmanship is the quality of a person's work due to his or her level of skill. wykonanie, wykonawstwo
xeriscape [N-COUNT-U12] A xeriscape is a type of landscape design which requires little water or irrigation. projektowanie ogrodów odpornych na suszę
yard [N-COUNT-U11] A yard is an area of land that borders a building, such as a person's house. podwórze, ogródek

