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	Vocabulary	Grammar
Let's Start! (pp. 4-7)	<b>Countries and nationalities</b> (China – Chinese, Colombia – Colombian, Finland – Finnish, France – French, Germany – German, Nigeria – Nigerian, South Africa – South African, Turkey – Turkish)	Reflexive/Emphatic pronouns Articles (a, an, the)
<b>1 Keep Active</b> (pp. 8-21)	<ul> <li>Sports (archery, fencing, figure skating, gymnastics, high jump, hurdles, long jump, motocross, rowing, water polo, waterskiing, weightlifting)</li> <li>Accidents and injuries (break his leg, bruise his eye, bump her head, hurt his back, pull a muscle, sprain her wrist, twist her ankle)</li> </ul>	Present perfect Present perfect – Past simple
2 Mysteries of the World (pp. 22-35)	Mysteries (ancient civilisation, archaeological site, artefacts, expedition, landmark, treasure) Ancient Egypt (archaeologist, Egyptian god, Egyptian goddess, headdress, hieroglyphics, merchant, mummy, papyrus, pharaoh, scribe)	Past simple – Past continuous Relative pronouns
Wonder Tales 1 (pp. 36-37) The Treas	ure in the Rice Field ( <b>Value:</b> Good things come to those who wait!)	
<b>3 Beyond the Stars</b> (pp. 38-51)		going to will Infinitive <i>-ing</i> form
<b>4 Go Green</b> (pp. 52-65)	Eco-friendly schools (collect rainwater, have a greenhouse, have clean-up days, organise a carpool, recycle paper, aluminium, glass and plastic, start a compost bin, turn off the lights, use solar energy) Environmental problems (acid rain, air pollution, chemical waste, climate change, deforestation, endangered animals, littering, melting ice caps)	can have to Zero/First conditional
A World of Wonder 1 (Modules 1-4) (p	pp. 66-67)	
<b>5 Food Around the World</b> (pp. 68-81)	International food (beef, cabbage, garlic, lobster, mushrooms, noodles, prawns, spinach, turkey, walnuts) Cooking instructions (bake, boil, chop, fry, grate, mash, peel, slice)	Second conditional a lot of/much/many a few/a little
	tape measure)	
6 Marvellous Machines (pp. 82-95)	tape measure) Inventions (iron, light bulb, microscope, printing press, steam	The passive (present simple – past simple)
(pp. 82-95)	tape measure) Inventions (iron, light bulb, microscope, printing press, steam	(present simple –
(pp. 82-95)	tape measure) Inventions (iron, light bulb, microscope, printing press, steam train, telescope, test tube, typewriter)	(present simple –









Thinking Skills	Project	Talking Point/ Portfolio	CLIL	Sounds and Words
Self-reflection Combining ideas to form a new whole				
Applying world knowledge Interpreting information Organising and selecting ideas Self-reflection Creative thinking	The History of Surfing <b>(History)</b>	<b>Speaking:</b> Expressing sympathy <b>Writing:</b> An email giving news	The Circulatory System <b>(Science)</b>	Adjective endings painful tiring sleepy nervous
Applying world knowledge Combing ideas to form a new whole Creative thinking Organising and selecting ideas Forming an opinion Recalling information	King Tut <b>(History)</b>	Speaking: Reacting to news Writing: A comment to a blog entry	Fossils <b>(Science)</b>	<b>-ian</b> and <b>-ion endings</b> Egypti <b>an</b> Pers <b>ian</b> magic <b>ian</b> act <b>ion</b>
Self-reflection Interpreting information Applying world knowledge Forming an opinion Organising and selecting ideas Making decisions Recalling information	All about Saturn <b>(Science)</b>	<b>Speaking:</b> Talking about future plans <b>Writing:</b> A post in a forum	The Phases of the Moon <b>(Science)</b>	Compound nouns spaceship space shuttle check-in
Applying world knowledge Combining ideas to form a new whole Interpreting information Lateral thinking Organising and selecting ideas Creative thinking Interpreting visual information	Reduce, Reuse, Recycle <b>(Science)</b>	<b>Speaking:</b> Making and responding to suggestions <b>Writing:</b> An email about an environmental club	Plastic in our Oceans <b>(Geography)</b>	Spelling /l/ tunnel small hole
<u>.</u>		<u>^</u>	^	
Self-reflection Applying world knowledge Organising and selecting ideas Separating a whole into component parts Creative thinking Interpreting information	Spanish Omelette (Design and Technology)	Speaking: Ordering at a café Writing: A comment to a blog about a traditional food	Food Labels (Design and Technology)	Double letters fatty foods chopped peppers
Interpreting (visual) information Applying world knowledge Organising and selecting ideas Creative thinking	All About Computers! (History)	<b>Speaking:</b> Returning a faulty product <b>Writing:</b> A biography of a famous inventor	Simple Machines <b>(Science)</b>	<b>-er</b> and <b>-re endings</b> dishwash <b>er</b> wi <b>re</b>
Self-reflection Making connections Creative thinking Organising and selecting ideas Identifying information	A back cover for a book <b>(English)</b>	Speaking: Asking and answering about a past event Writing: A story	Poetry <b>(English)</b>	-ary, -ery and -ory endings diary mystery memory
 Self-reflection Making connections Organising and selecting ideas Applying world knowledge Creative thinking	Experience Egypt! <b>(Geography)</b>	Speaking: Checking in at the airport Writing: A postcard	Animal Migration <b>(Science)</b>	The /uː/ sound queue room chew cute

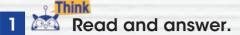








# Let's Start!



1 Where are you from?

- 2 How old are you?
- 3 What's your favourite colour?
- 4 What colour are your eyes?
- 5 What colour is your hair?
- 6 Have you got an email friend?
- 7 What number is your house?
- 8 What's the name of your street?
- 9 Do you live in a house or a flat?
- 10 Where's your school? (address)
- **11** Have you got any brothers or sisters?
- 12 Have you got any cousins?
- 13 When's your birthday?
- 14 What's your best friend's name?
- 15 When's your best friend's birthday?

- 16 What's your favourite food?
- 17 What's your favourite drink?
- 18 What's your favourite fruit?
- 19 Is there a school bazaar at your school? When?
- 20 What's your favourite subject?
- 21 Do you like doing sport? Which one(s)?
- 22 What time do you usually go to bed?
- 23 What time do you get up on weekdays?
- 24 What do you usually do in the evening?
- 25 What do you do at weekends?
- 26 What do you like doing in your free time?
- 27 Do you collect anything?
- 28 What do you want to be when you grow up? Why?

# 2 Correction Let's play! In three minutes, think of ...

- 1 four types of natural disasters.
- 2 two types of houses you can find in the countryside and two in the city.

ABOUT YOU

- **3** one item made of wood and one of stone.
- 4 two after-school activities.
  - 5 two things you need when you go canoeing.
  - 6 two types of films and two types of TV programmes.
- 7 three shops in a shopping centre.
  - 8 three school facilities.
    - 9 three sports you do in water.
- 10 four words related to the theatre.



Activity Book, page 2



### 2 🔚 Read and complete.

- 1 I'm Chinese. I'm from Beijing, China.
- 2 I'm Nigerian. is a country in Africa.
- 3 I'm Turkish. The capital city of \_\_\_\_\_ is Ankara.
- 4 I'm South African. \_\_\_\_\_ is an English-speaking country.
- 5 I'm Colombian. I'm from Bogotá, \_\_\_\_\_.
- 6 I'm Finnish. \_\_\_\_\_ is in the north of Europe.
- 7 I'm French. \_\_\_\_\_\_ is famous for its food.
- 8 I'm German. The capital city of \_\_\_\_\_ is Berlin.



3 M Put the adjectives in Ex. 2 in the right column. Can you add some more?

-ish	-ese	-an	other
Spanish	Portuguese	Brazilian	Greek



ICT 🔚 Find and make sentences.





singer: Shakira



dish: Peking duck



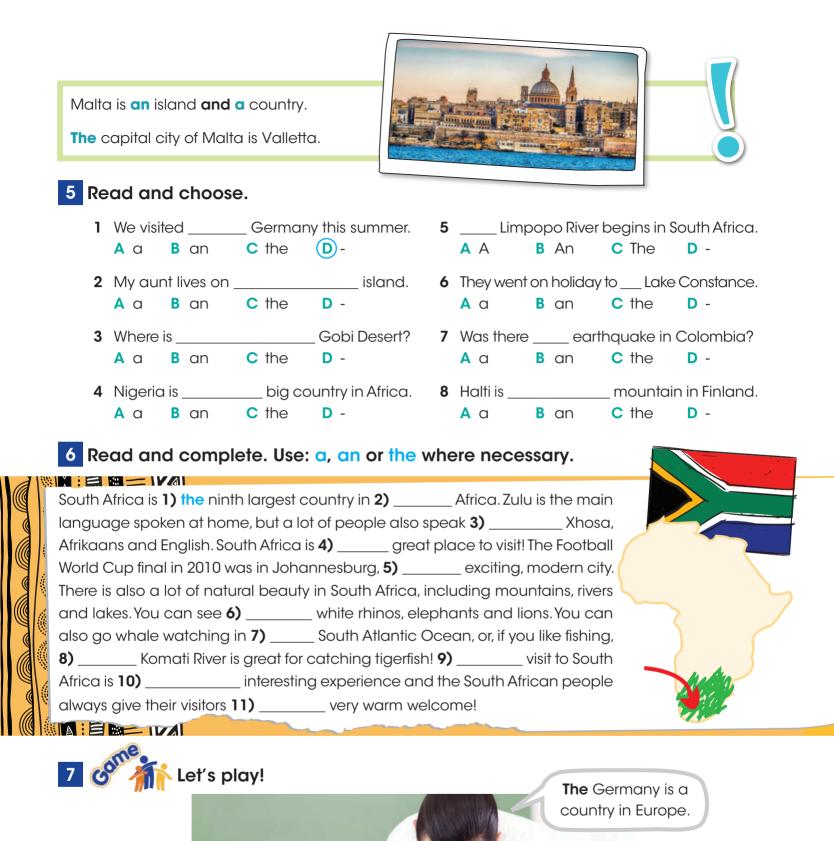
car: BMW

city: Helsinki



landmark: the Blue Mosque

1 Shakira is a Colombian singer.



That's wrong! **Germany** is a country in Europe.

Activity Book, pages 3-4



**Time to Wonder** 

1 Cook at the picture. Which sport can you see? Is it a team sport or an individual sport? What's special about the athletes?

2 tisten. Repeat. Which of the sports below are NOT Olympic sports?



- - fun/amazing! • You bet! I love it!
- A: Have you ever tried fencing?
- B: Yes! It's really exciting! / No! I think it's too dangerous!

Yes! It's really exciting/

- No! I think it's too boring/ dangerous/tiring!
- No! I'm not very sporty!



### tisten and read. What sport would Tara and Elsa prefer to do?



- Elsa: This is so cool! I've never been to a big sports event like this before! It's amazing!
- **Tara:** Yes, it is! Hurdles are so exciting, but they seem a little dangerous.
- **Cody:** Actually, it's a very safe sport. These athletes have got great coaches and they train all the time to be ready for competitions.
- Tara: Really? Even for sports like the long jump and fencing?
- **Cody:** Absolutely! Training is important for all sports.

### The next day ...

- **Tara:** That sports event yesterday was great! I feel like exercising more now!
- Cody: I know what you mean. Look! There's a sports club over there. Have you ever tried weightlifting?
- Tara: No, I haven't. To be honest, it seems a bit boring. I'd like to do gymnastics.
- Me, too! It looks like fun. Why don't we Elsa: ask about classes?



					$\leq$
0	10		Cody:	Hi, Carlos! What are you doing here?	
		- A ( -	Carlos	: Can't you see? I'm walking Chico! In	
A A	A			the sports club I can relax and walk	
	L by	1 the		Chico at the same time!	
N)			Cody:	That's a great idea! Chico's getting his	
				exercise, that's for sure!	
	~ 6 h d	2 AL AL	Tara:	You're very clever, Carlos!	
TI	A SUM		Elsa:	And look at Chico! He's very happy!	
			Cody:	Yes, he is but the club owner isn't!	
		TR SEAR			/
		A ABARAL		-	

NB

Storytime

### 2 Read again and write True or False.

- 1 Elsa has been to a lot of big sports events.
- **2** Tara thinks hurdles aren't a safe sport.
- **3** Tara hasn't tried weightlifting.

- 4 Elsa wants to try gymnastics.
- **5** Carlos is exercising hard in the sports club.
- 6 Chico enjoys using the running machine.

How long have you

I've been at the gym

I've been at the gym

since 2 o'clock.

**been** at the gym?

for an hour.

NonDeR Grammar Bill ho

I **have just arrived** at the gym. Bill **has already done** his warmup. I **haven't done** my warmup **yet**.

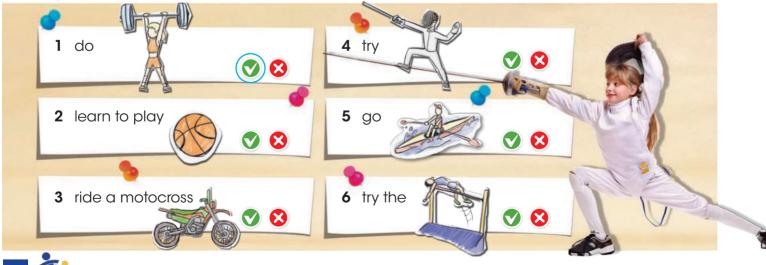
False

Have you ever run a marathon? I've never run a marathon.

### 3 Read and choose.

- 1 John hasn't bought a basketball just / yet
- 2 I have **never** / **ever** tried the high jump.
- 3 The sports event has yet / already started.
- 4 She's been at the pool **for / since** ten minutes.
- 5 We have yet / just won the competition!
- 6 Have you ever / for tried figure skating?
- 7 How long / Since have you been on the team?
- 8 The boys have been in a swimming lesson for / since 4 o' clock.

### 4 🏫 Brenda has joined Club Active. Listen and choose 💎 or 🔇.



## What has Brenda already done? What hasn't she done yet? Talk with your friend.

A: She has already ....

B: She hasn't ... yet.

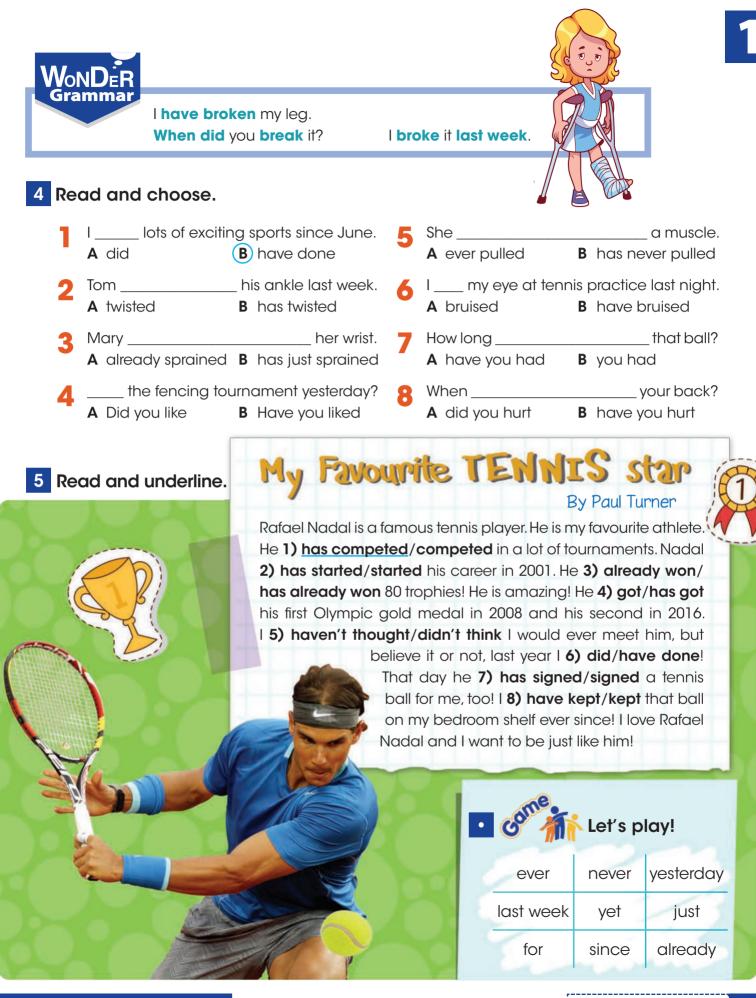


## 2 Look at Ex. 1 again. Read and complete. Write the names.

- He has broken his leg. He tripped on a mat. Dad
- 2 She has \_\_\_\_\_ her head. She hit it on the shelf. \_\_\_\_\_
- **3** She has \_\_\_\_\_\_ her wrist. She didn't warm up properly. \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 4 He has \_\_\_\_\_ his eye. A tennis ball hit him. \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 He has \_\_\_\_\_ a muscle. He lifted heavy weights. \_\_\_\_\_
- 6 She has \_\_\_\_\_ her ankle. She fell off the bike. \_\_\_\_\_
- 7 He has \_\_\_\_\_ his back. He did too many press-ups. \_\_\_\_\_







Present perfect – Past simple

# 

# The History of Basketball

## 1 🚵 🔠 Listen and choose.

- In 1891, Dr James Naismith invented basketball in 1) the USA/ Canada. They played with a football and used peach baskets to get the ball into.
  - In 2) 1909 / 1894, they stopped
  - playing with a football and changed to a basketball.
  - In 1936, basketball became
     a(n) 3) Olympic / team sport.
- In 1940, people watched the first basketball game on TV.
- In 1962, Wilt Chamberlain became the first and only NBA player to score
  4) 50 / 100 points in one game.
- In 1992, the USA 'Dream Team' won the gold medal at the **5) London / Barcelona** Olympics.

### Talk with your friend.

A: When did Dr James Naismith invent basketball?B: In 1891.

### **Think**

# 2 Rita is a great fan of football and golf. Use her scrapbook to answer her friend's questions.

- 1 Who was the first person to hit a golf ball in space?
- 2 Who was the first player ever to score 5 goals in a Champions League match?
- **3** When was the first football World Cup?
- **4** Why did King James II stop people from playing golf and football?
- 5 How old is football?

#### Alan Did you know? Lionel Messi -Shepard the first player to **People in China** became the first score five goals in one played a sport similar astronaut to hit a golf to football about 2,000 Champions League ball on the moon! match. years ago! In 1457, King 30 July 1930 James II **URUGUAY WINS** stopped golf and **THE FIRST** football so that WORLD CUP! people could practise archery.

# THE HISTORY OF SURFING

### About 4,000 years ago

Historv

The first surfers were fishermen of the Polynesian islands. They 'rode the waves' to get their fish quickly back to shore! The Polynesians took surfing to Hawaii. Everybody surfed there – men, women, children and even kings!

Captain James Cook discovered Hawaii. He wrote about fishermen surfing with `belly boards'!

1778

## 18503 - 1920s

Famous writer Mark Twain travelled to Hawaii and tried surfing. Jack London, also a writer, became keen on surfing. He wrote about it in 1907 and many people in the USA became interested in it.

### 1960 **-** Today

By the 1960s, surfing was very popular in many parts of the world. Over the years, surfboards and equipment have improved. Today, riding the waves is a sport available to everyone. Surf's up, folks!

### 3 tisten and read. Write: Right, Wrong or Doesn't Say.

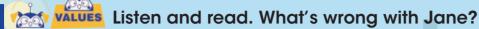
- 1 Fishermen used boards to surf.
- 2 People in Hawaii hated surfing.
- 3 James Cook liked surfing.
- 4 Two famous American writers tried surfing.
- 5 Modern surfboards are better than old ones.

### 1 Think

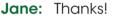
- 4 M Think of your favourite sport. Tell the class.
  - How did it start?
  - What are some important dates/years?
  - What are some sports personalities you admire? Why?

5 CT Do a project or make a PowerPoint<sup>®</sup> presentation about the history of your favourite sport. Present it to the class.

## **Talking Point**



Mark: Are you alright, Jane? Jane: My ankle is killing me. I've been in pain all day! Mark: Oh, dear! What happened? Jane: I twisted it yesterday at the Gymnastics Club. Mark: You poor thing! Did you put anything on it? Jane: The school nurse put an ice pack on it, but I think I should see a doctor, too! Mark: It's probably nothing serious, but that's a good idea. Let me help you get on the bus!



## 2 m Read and match. Say. There can be more than one answer.

- 1 bump head
- 2 twist ankle
- 3 sprain wrist
- 4 cut finger
- 5 break leg
- a put an ice pack on it
  b put a bandage on it
  c put a plaster on it
  - . .

d have an X-ray

- e clean the wound
- A: I've bumped my head on the cupboard.
- B: Oh, dear! You should put an ice pack on it.

3 **ROLE PLAY:** Take roles and act out a dialogue similar to Ex. 1.



seful angu

## Activity Book, page 12

Expressing sympathy

You poor thing!

nothing serious, ....

anything to worry

Oh, dear! Oh, no!

Poor you!

• It's probably

• I don't think it's

about, ....

Are you alright, ...?

What's wrong, ...?

## **My Wonder Portfolio**

Read. What event did Rick attend?
 What happened to him?

2 (Read and choose. Then listen and check.

#### 

#### Hi, Jason!

I hope you're well. Guess where I went 1) [ast weekend/ since last weekend! I 2) have taken part / took part in a basketball tournament! I play for my school team now. It's a lot of fun!

The tournament was at the sports stadium in town. It's very big inside and there were lots of people there. I **3) have been / was** to a lot of tournaments **4) since / for** I joined the school team, but this was the biggest!

You won't believe what happened, though! I tripped and twisted my ankle really badly. My coach **5**) has put / put an ice pack on it and told me to rest. It's really painful. I **6**) haven't seen / saw a doctor **7**) already / yet, but I think I should.

Anyway, what **8) did you do** / **have you done** last weekend? I hope you've had a better week than me!

Take care,

Rick

<u>A</u> 0 🗖 🕶 🙂

# Think Imagine you took part in a sports tournament. Tell the class. Think about:

- what event it was
- what you did there
- where it was
- what it was like
- what happened to you there
- who helped you and how

**PORTFOLIO** Write an email to your friend giving news about a sports tournament you took part in.

#### Hi, \_\_\_\_ !

I hope you're well. Guess where I went last weekend! I \_\_\_\_\_ . It's \_\_\_\_\_ !

The \_\_\_\_ was at \_\_\_\_ . It \_\_\_\_ and there were \_\_\_\_ . I \_\_\_\_ , but this was \_\_\_\_ !

You won't believe what happened, though! I\_\_\_\_. My \_\_\_\_. I haven't \_\_\_\_, but I think \_\_\_\_. Anyway, what did you do \_\_\_\_?

Take care,

Activity Book, page 13 17

What colour are our arteries? Why? What do the two sides of the heart do? Listen, read and answer.

SCIENCE The Circulatory

The circulatory system sends blood around your body to give your organs the **oxygen** and **nutrients** they need. Getting oxygen to your **muscles** is especially important when you exercise, so they can continue to function.

## The heart -

The heart is at the centre of the circulatory system. It's very important because it pumps blood around your whole body. The heart has got two sides. The right side sends blood to the lungs, and the left side sends blood around the body and to the other organs.

## **Arteries**

These are thick tubes that carry the blood from your heart around your body. They are red because this blood is full of oxygen.

## Lungs

Without the lungs we can't get oxygen into our blood. The lungs take the blood from the right side of the heart and fill it with oxygen. Then they send it back to the heart to continue its journey.

## Veins

These are similar to arteries, but carry the blood from your organs back to your heart. This blood looks darker because there isn't much oxygen in it.

### 2 Read again and choose.

- The blood leaves the right side of the heart
- A and goes to the lungs.
- **B** and goes to the muscles.
- The left side of the heart
  - A sends the blood to the lungs.
  - **B** sends the blood to the organs.

- 3 The lungs fill the blood with oxygenA and send it to the heart.
  - **B** and send it to the organs.
- 4 The blood leaves the organs
  - A and goes back to the arteries.
  - **B** and goes back to the heart.



### 4 Read and complete.

Your **pulse** is the number of **heartbeats** per minute (bpm). Look at the picture. When you take your pulse, count the number of beats in 15 seconds, then multiply it by 4. My pulse rate at rest

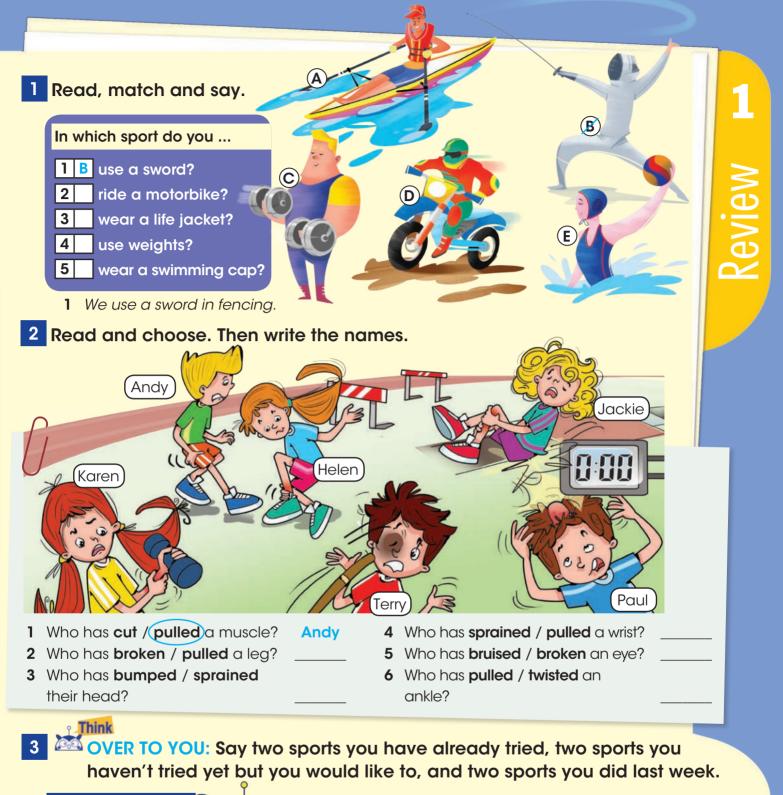
beats in 15 sec:

x 4 =

### 5 Take your pulse rate. Complete the sentences.

ACTIVITY	PULSE RATE STRAIGHT AFTER #	PULSE RATE AFTER 2 MINUTES REST #	DD		
Hop on one foot for 1 minute.			YOU KNOW !		
Touch your toes as many times as you can in 1 minute.			Blood contains small amounts of gold!		
Do 15 star jumps.					
When I exercise, my pulse rate	e aoes up to				
2 When I rest, my pulse rate goes down to					
3 My fastest pulse rate was			bpm.		
4 My slowest pulse rate was			bpm.		
		A	ctivity Book, page 14 19		



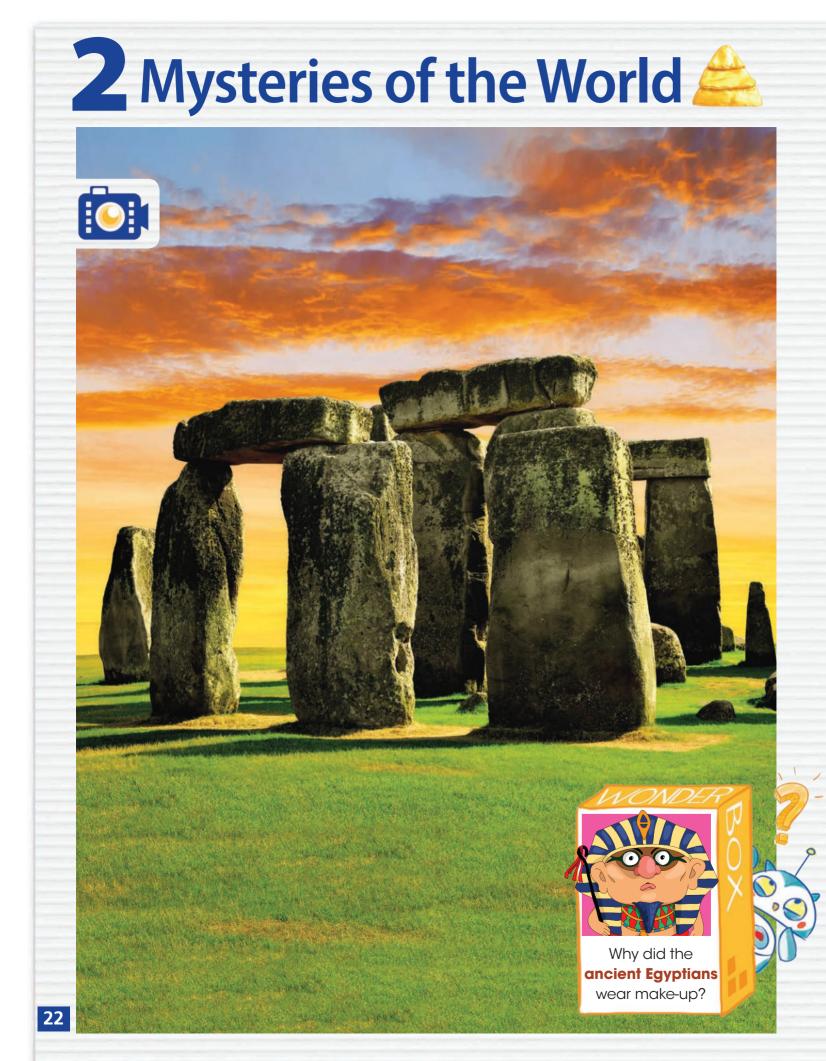


Now I can... 📎 🙋

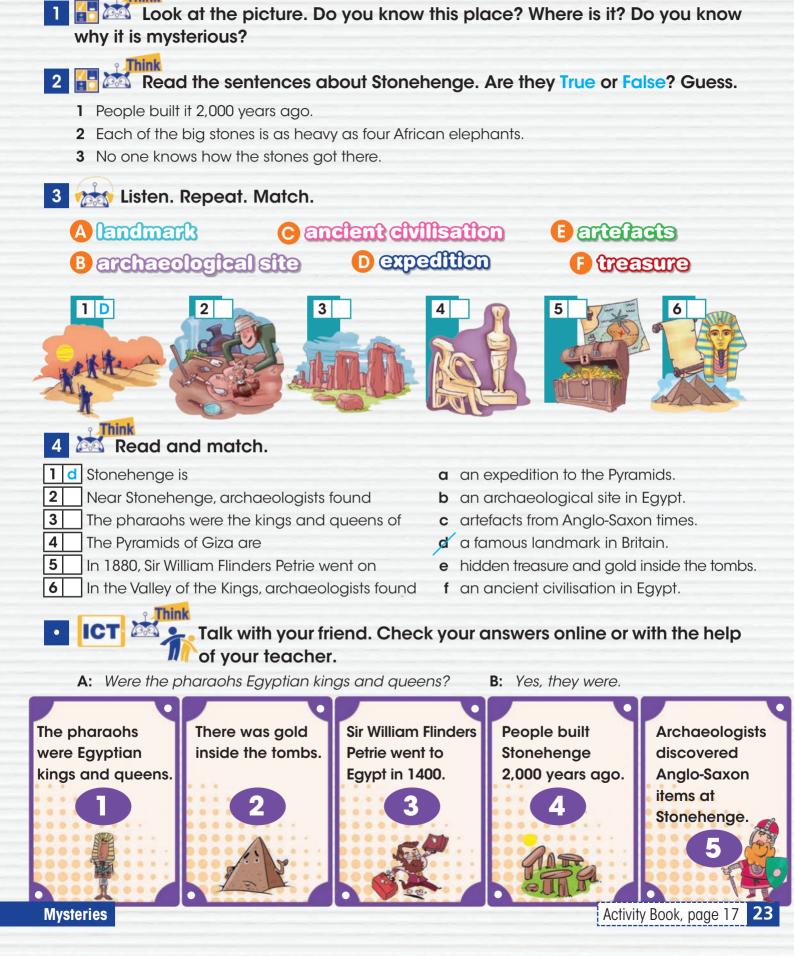
- talk about sports
- talk about injuries and accidents
- talk about experiences
- talk and write about the history of a sport
- express sympathy

- write an email giving news
- understand how the circulatory system works
- recognise and spell adjectives with -ful, -ing,
   -y, -ous endings

in English.



**Time to Wonder** 



Think



### 1 🐜 🔚 Listen and read. When did Anglo-Saxons live?

- Cody: Hey, Elsa! What are you doing?
  Elsa: Hi, boys! I'm searching for artefacts from Anglo-Saxon times. Did you know that Anglo-Saxons were living in our area in the 7th century? I read a book about it last night.
  Carlos: No way! That's really cool! So, you're a treasure hunter now! Like on TV!
  Elsa: To be honest. I haven't found anything
  - : To be honest, I haven't found anything yet. But it's a lot of fun!

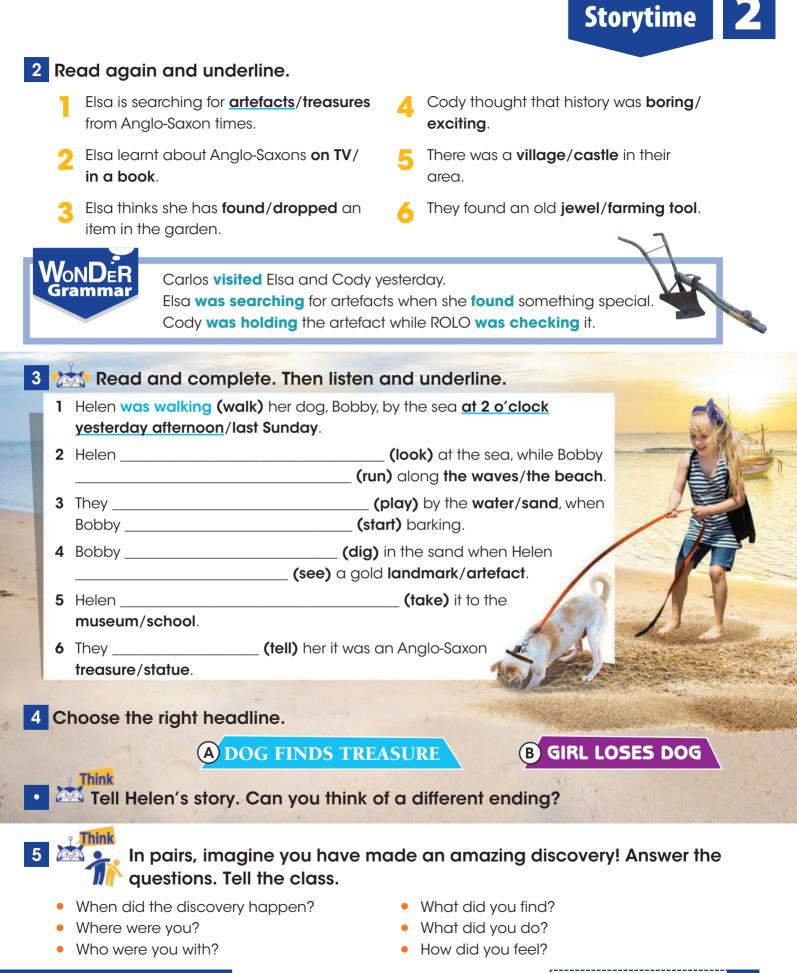
**Elsa:** I think there's something here!

- **Cody:** I can't believe it! I always thought that history was boring, but this is so exciting! Let's see what it is. Come on, Chico! Dig, boy!
- Elsa: ROLO, do you think it's something important? Maybe a princess was walking here when she dropped her jewels!
- **ROLO:** Show me what you find and I can check my database to tell you what it is!
- Carlos: Look! Chico has got something. Here, ROLO, have a look.





- **ROLO:** Well, Elsa, you were right. This **is** Anglo-Saxon, but it isn't a jewel. Maybe there wasn't a castle here, but there was definitely a village. You've found an old farming tool!
  - a: Really? We can take it to the museum so that everyone can enjoy it.
- Cody: What a great idea, Elsa!
- ROLO: See, Cody? History isn't just in books. It's all around us. You never know what fascinating things are right under your feet!
   Cody: You're right POLO. History's graat!
- Cody: You're right, ROLO. History's great!

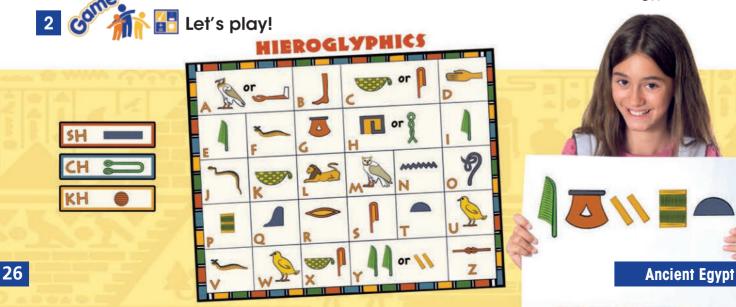


Past simple – Past continuous

Activity Book, pages 18-19 25

## Language in Action 1 tisten. Repeat. Then read and complete. papyrus merchant HIEROGLYPHICS KSRIK mummv scribe 1 1150 Egyptian god hieroglyphics TH headdress Egyptian goddess archaeologist pharaoh

- 1 A(n) merchant sold gold, clothes and other products.
- 2 The \_\_\_\_\_ was a king or queen.
- 3 Pharaohs wore a(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_ on their head.
- 4 The ancient Egyptians wrote on \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- **5** Ancient Egyptians wrote in \_\_\_\_\_.
- 6 A(n) <u>had an important job</u> because not everyone could read and write.
- 7 You can see Tutankhamun's \_\_\_\_\_\_ in Egypt.
- 8 A(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_ searches for ancient artefacts.
- **9** A(n) \_\_\_\_\_ or a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ ruled different areas in ancient Egyptians' lives.



A pharaoh was a king or queen **who** ruled ancient Egypt. This is the papyrus **which** the scribes used. The Valley of the Kings is a place **where** many pharaohs built their tombs.

3 Sead and choose. Then do the quiz. Check your answers online or with your teacher.





Ramesses II. Choose.

- Ramesses II was born in (1303)/1330 BCE.
- **2** Ramesses II built many famous **treasures** / **temples**.
- 3 He was 90 / 66 years old when he died.
- 4 He had about 53 / 100 children.
- 5 His tomb is in the Valley of the Kings / Pharaohs.
- 6 Maspero and Brugsch discovered his mummy in 1881 / 1901.

2 Star Talk with your friend to complete the missing information.

## PUPIL A

Name: Thoth God of: ? and knowledge Appearance: head of a bird, headdress of the ? Name: Hathor

**Goddess of:** beauty, love, music and **?** 

Appearance: head of a cow, headdress of cow horns and

Name: Isis

Goddess of: women and ? Appearance: headdress of

a throne

**Appearance:** headdress of a Goddess of: women and mothers sisi :empN uns au headdress of cow horns and **Appearance:** head of a music and dance Goddess of: beauty, love, **Name:** Hathor headdress of the moon ybbealauce: yeaq ol a 🗸 God of: writing and knowledge Name: Thoth 51616

A: Who was Thoth?

B: He was the god of ....

## WonDeR Skills



Tutankhamun, or King Tut as he is also called, was born, around 1341 BCE. He was called The Boy King because he was only eight or nine when he became pharaoh of Egypt.

> After his father's death, the country was weak. The people were suffering when Tutankhamun became king, so he worked with his helpers to make things better.

> > Tutankhamun married Ankhesenamun, but they didn't have any children. He died at the age of nineteen. No one knows exactly how he died; perhaps someone killed him or he died of an injury or illness.

> > > Archaeologist Howard Carter discovered King Tut's tomb in 1922.It was full of gold, jewels and treasures! You can see these in the Egyptian Museum in Cairo. You can also see Tutankhamun's tomb in the Valley of the Kings.

> > > > Did you know?

**KING TUT** 

Some people believed that there was a curse on Tutankhamun's tomb. They called it the '**Pharaoh's Curse**' because many people connected to the discovery died mysteriously!

3 Listen and read. How did King Tut die?

4 Read again and write: R (Right),
 W (Wrong) or DS (Doesn't Say).

- 1 King Tut became pharaoh at the age of ten.
- 2 He had two brothers.
- **3** He never got married.
- 4 He didn't have any children.
- 5 He died before he was twenty.
- **6** We don't know where his tomb is.
- 7 King Tut's mummy is in the Egyptian Museum in Cairo.
- 8 Some people believe there was a curse on King Tut's tomb.

tell the class.

5

W



or make a PowerPoint<sup>®</sup> presentation about a pharaoh. Present it to the class.

## **Talking Point**



1 minimum Read the first exchange. What are Karen and John talking about? Listen and check.

Karen: Hi, John. How was your weekend? John: Oh, it was amazing! I went to Stonehenge. Karen: Really? How was it? John: It was fantastic! I saw the stone circle and | took lots of photos! Karen: | bet! It's such a famous landmark. What else did you do there? John: I went to the New Stonehenge Visitor Centre. There were lots of artefacts and treasures from ancient Britain. I bought some souvenirs, too! Karen: That sounds great! John: Yeah, it was. I really want to go again. Karen: Can I come with you next time? John: Of course! Anytime!







2 🚵 Imagine you went to an archaeological site in your country. Tell the class about it. Think about:

- where you went
- what you did
- what you saw
   what you bought

3 TROLE PLAY: Take roles and act out a dialogue similar to Ex. 1.

Jseful Languag

#### **Reacting to news**

- How was it?
- What was it like?
- I bet!
- I'm not surprised!
- That sounds great!
- That's wonderful/ fantastic!

## **My Wonder Portfolio**



was flying over Lake Michigan to Seattle when it disappeared. No one knows why. Was it the weather? Was it an accident? Or maybe a UFO?

What do you think? Have you ever heard of a mystery like this?

Post a comment and tell me all about it!

### Follow me

31

a story about a mystery as well. In 1955, a boat was sailing to the Tokelau Islands when it disappeared. A month later, people found the boat, but there wasn't anyone on board!

No one knows for sure what happened to the people. Some say it was pirates, but others think it was a terrible sea monster. Isn't it a bit strange? Bob

### 2 Read again and answer the questions.





### 3 How are cast fossils formed? Look, read and match. Write. a An empty space - the exact The remains of an animal sink shape and size into the ground. of the bones - is created. This is called a mould. **b** Over time, the mould fills up with minerals and becomes solid rock. This is called a cast. c Palaeontologists dig up the cast fossil and study it. d Small amounts of water go into the ground and wash the remains away. e The remains of an animal sink into the ground.

### 4 Make your own cast fossil.

## You need:

- a block of Plasticine<sup>™</sup>
- two paper cups
- half a cup of warm water
- half a cup of flour
- a spoon
- an item you want to make into a fossil (leaf, seashell, piece of wood, small plastic dinosaur, etc)
- Take the block of Plasticine<sup>™</sup> and press it flat on a table or in your hands.
- 2 Press your object (seashell, piece of wood, etc) into the Plasticine<sup>™</sup> until it's half-buried.
- 3 Carefully take the object out of the Plasticine™ so that you can see the mould.
- 4 Put the Plasticine<sup>™</sup> into a paper cup.
- 5 Put the flour into the other paper cup and add the water. Mix with the spoon to make a thick mixture.
- 6 Pour the mixture into the mould in the first paper cup. Let it dry.
- 7 Tear away the paper cup and carefully remove the Plasticine<sup>™</sup>. You now have your own cast fossil!

Activity Book, page 26 33

Read and complete. Then listen and check.

THE MYSTERIES OF HISTORY

History's all around us – You don't have to dig too deep. Just look and you'll **1) discover** All the secrets that it keeps! It gives us ancient **2) ph\_\_\_\_** Who ruled in distant lands, And **3) a\_\_\_\_f\_\_\_** or fossils Which were buried in the sand!

SANG TIMB

The **4) m\_\_\_\_s** of history, The secrets that it holds! **5) Tr\_\_\_\_s** of all different kinds – From **6) p\_p\_\_\_** to gold! History's all around us – It's in tombs and pyramids. 7) M\_\_m\_\_ held great mysteries For the 8) a\_\_c\_\_\_! And so did 9) h\_\_\_\_s Which were difficult to read, But now we know the stories Of great times in 10) h\_\_\_y!

RESOU

Sing The Mysteries of History song!

Why is **HIST@RY** important? Discuss.

## **Words**

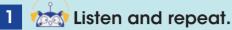
-ian and -ion endings: same sound - different spelling

Egyptian Persian magician action tisten. Say. 2 🏫 Listen and complete. **1** A\_\_\_\_\_ (5 letters) 5 i\_\_\_\_\_ (10 letters) 6 d\_\_\_\_\_ (9 letters) 2 m\_\_\_\_\_ (8 letters) i Wonder 6 **3** s\_\_\_\_\_ (7 letters) **7** a\_\_\_\_\_(6 letters) **4** h \_\_\_\_\_ (9 letters) 8 e\_\_\_\_\_ (11 letters)



# Wonder fales 7 The Treasure in the Rice Field

A story from Laos





## 2 kisten and read. Where did Akamu find the pot?

A long time ago, an old man and an old woman, called Akamu and Laya, lived near a rice field. They worked very hard to grow their own food, but they were still poor. "We have worked so hard every day of our lives!" they said.

One day, they were in the rice field. While Akamu was digging near an anthill, he hit something hard. It was a very big old pot. When he opened it, he saw that it was full of gold!

"Laya! Come and see what I've found!" he shouted.

"Oh, my! How lucky we are!" she said when she saw the pot. "Let's carry it home!"

"No. We can't do that," Akamu said. "It is not ours to take. If it really belongs to us, it will find a way to come to us!"

Laya was sad, but she knew Akamu was right. Later that day, when they got back to the village, she told the neighbours about the pot. Nobody believed her strange story and they all laughed. "Buried treasure! You are funny!" they said.

A few weeks later, a group of traders were passing through the village. While they were buying and selling goods, they heard about the two old people who found a pot of gold in the fields. "How interesting!" they said.

The traders decided to go and look for the pot. They went to the rice field and found the anthill with the pot near it. When they opened the pot, they jumped back; inside it, there was a half-sleeping snake!

"This is not gold! What liars they are!" one of them said. "Let's teach them a lesson!" So they took the pot and left it outside Akamu and Laya's house.

The next day, Laya got up early to make breakfast. When she opened the door to go out, she hit something hard with her foot. "Ouch!" she cried, and Akamu came to see what was happening.

They saw the pot in front of their door and looked inside. It was full of gold!

"Who has brought this to our house?" Akamu said.

"Who knows? Do you think we should keep it?" Laya asked.

"Yes. Now it has come to us, so it must be ours!"

From that day on, they stopped working and lived an easier life. And all over the country, everybody talked about the treasure in the rice field!

## 3 Who says what? Read and choose.

- 1 "We have worked so hard every day of our lives!"
  - **a** Akamu and Laya
  - **b** the villagers
- 2 "You are funny!"a the villagers b the traders
- 3 "Who knows?"
  - **a** Akamu **b** Laya
- 4 "Buried treasure!"
  - **a** Laya **b** the villagers
- 5 "Oh, my! How lucky we are!"a Akamub Laya

- 6 "Let's teach them a lesson!"a the traders b the villagers
- 7 "This is not gold!"
  - **a** the traders **b** Akamu
- 8 "Who has brought this to our house?"
  - **a** Akamu **b** Laya
- 9 "How interesting!"
  - ${\boldsymbol{\mathsf{a}}}$  the villagers  ${\boldsymbol{\mathsf{b}}}$  the traders
- 10 "No, we can't do that."
  - **a** Akamu **b** Laya

### **Wonder Values**

Good things come to those who wait!

4 Why does Akamu leave the pot in the field? Do you agree? Why/Why not?