

# Glossary

- acuity** [N-UNCOUNT-U10] **Acuity** is the severity of a patient's injuries. **ostrość, stopień zaawansowania choroby**
- acute** [ADJ-U6] If a condition is **acute**, it appears suddenly and often with great intensity. **ostry (stan)**
- alcohol** [N-UNCOUNT-U7] **Alcohol** is the chemical substance in drinks, such as wine and beer, that causes people to get drunk. **alkohol**
- alcohol-based** [ADJ-U11] If a cleaning product is **alcohol-based**, it contains alcohol rather than water. **na bazie alkoholu**
- Alzheimer's disease** [N-UNCOUNT-U14] **Alzheimer's disease** is a brain disease that causes a person to lose memory and the ability to think clearly. **choroba Alzheimera**
- amputation** [N-COUNT-U7] **Amputation** is when a person's limbs, fingers, or toes are removed during surgery. **amputacja**
- anesthesia** [N-UNCOUNT-U15] **Anesthesia** is a medical method of preventing sensation, used to eliminate pain during surgery. **znieczulenie**
- anesthesiologist** [N-COUNT-U15] An **anesthesiologist** is a doctor who specializes in eliminating pain during surgery by putting patients into unconscious states. **anestezjolog**
- angioplasty** [N-UNCOUNT-U9] **Angioplasty** is a surgical procedure that widens an obstructed blood vessel by inserting a balloon and inflating it. **angioplastyka**
- annual physical** [N-COUNT-U12] An **annual physical** is a yearly test of a person's physical health. **coroczne badania kontrolne**
- anti-angiogenesis therapy** [N-UNCOUNT-U8] **Anti-angiogenesis therapy** is a form of cancer treatment that uses drugs or other substances to stop a tumor from building new blood vessels. **terapia antyangiogenetyczna**
- anxiety** [N-UNCOUNT-U3] **Anxiety** is a feeling of nervousness and worry. **niepokój**
- arrhythmia** [N-UNCOUNT-U9] **Arrhythmia** is a term for a group of illnesses involving irregular electrical activity in the heart. **arytmia**
- assessment** [N-COUNT-U2] An **assessment** is the formation of an opinion or judgment about something. **ocena, oszacowanie**
- atherosclerosis** [N-UNCOUNT-U9] **Atherosclerosis** is a heart condition in which fatty materials accumulate in arteries and harden their walls. **miażdżyca tętnic**
- autonomic nervous system** [N-COUNT-U14] The **autonomic nervous system** is the part of the nervous system that controls functions below the level of consciousness, such as heart rate. **autonomiczny układ nerwowy**
- bachelor's degree** [N-COUNT-U1] A **bachelor's degree** is a college degree that a student typically earns after four years of study. **tytuł licencjata**
- blindness** [N-UNCOUNT-U7] **Blindness** is a condition in which a person cannot see at all, or when a person's vision is severely impaired. **ślepotą, niedowidzenie**
- BMI** [N-COUNT-U7] **BMI** is a measurement of the quantity of fat in a person's body. **wskaźnik masy ciała**
- board certified** [ADJ-U12] If a doctor or nurse is **board certified**, that person has completed all of his or her education and training and has passed a test given by a medical board. **po zdaniu końcowych egzaminów lekarskich**
- budget** [N-COUNT-U4] A **budget** is an amount of money that is available for a particular purpose. **budżet**
- burning** [ADJ-U5] If pain is **burning**, it means the affected area feels very hot. **palący**
- bypass** [V-T-U9] To **bypass** something is to go around it. **obejść**
- cancer** [N-COUNT or UNCOUNT-U8] **Cancer** is a serious disease in which cells in one or more parts of the body begin to grow in an uncontrolled and abnormal way. **rak**
- caseload** [N-COUNT-U4] A **caseload** is a number of patients to be seen or treated. **ilość przypadków (pacjentów) oczekujących na wizytę**
- cataract** [N-COUNT-U7] A **cataract** is a medical condition in which the lens of the eye becomes white, causing a person to slowly lose the ability to see. **katarkta**
- central nervous system** [N-COUNT-U14] The **central nervous system** is the part of the nervous system that consists of the brain, the brain stem, and spinal cord. **centralny układ nerwowy**
- chemotherapy** [N-UNCOUNT-U8] **Chemotherapy** is a drug or combination of drugs, given to a patient, in order to kill cancer cells. **chemioterapia**
- cholesterol** [N-UNCOUNT-U9] **Cholesterol** is a substance located in the blood and cells of the body. Too much cholesterol is linked to problems with the heart and arteries. **cholesterol**
- chronic** [ADJ-U6] If a condition is **chronic**, it develops slowly and lasts a long time. **przewlekły**

**chronic bronchitis** [N-UNCOUNT-U6] **Chronic bronchitis** is a persistent condition in which tubes in the lungs swell and make it difficult to breathe. **przewlekłe zapalenie oskrzeli**

**chronological order** [N-UNCOUNT-U2] **Chronological order** is the organization of information according to the order in time when events occurred. **porządek chronologiczny**

**clamp** [N-COUNT-U15] A **clamp** is a device used to hold objects in place during surgery. **zacisk**

**coma** [N-COUNT-U14] A **coma** is a long state of unconsciousness during which a person does not wake or respond to stimuli. **śpiączka**

**comprehensive** [ADJ-U2] If something is **comprehensive**, it is thorough or complete. **wyczerpujący, obszerny**

**concise** [ADJ-U2] If something is **concise**, it communicates an idea clearly without unnecessary or confusing language. **zwięzły**

**condition** [N-COUNT-U6] A **condition** is a medical illness or disease. **stan**

**constant** [ADJ-U5] If pain is **constant**, it continues for a long period of time without getting better. **stały**

**contaminate** [V-T-U11] To **contaminate** something is to make it unclean by adding a harmful substance to it. **zanieczyszczać**

**contraction** [N-COUNT-U13] A **contraction** is a motion of the uterus during childbirth. **skurcz porodowy**

**coronary artery disease** [N-UNCOUNT-U9] **Coronary artery disease** is a condition where the arteries become blocked and narrow, which prevents sufficient blood from reaching the heart. **choroba niedokrwienna serca**

**critical** [ADJ-U10] If an injury is **critical**, it requires immediate medical attention. **poważna**

**c-section** [N-COUNT-U13] A **c-section (caesarean-section)** is a medical procedure that involves cutting into a pregnant woman's abdomen to deliver a baby. **cięcie cesarskie**

**cultural differences** [N-COUNT-U3] **Cultural differences** are different ways of doing or thinking about something in different societies. **różnice kulturowe**

**debt** [N-COUNT or UNCOUNT-U4] A **debt** is an amount of money that a person or group owes to another person or group. **dług**

**demand** [N-COUNT-U4] A **demand** is a need or desire for something. **popyt**

**distress** [N-UNCOUNT-U5] **Distress** is a feeling of pain or unhappiness. **ból, cierpienie**

**document** [V-T-U2] To **document** something is to make a record or note of it. **dokumentować**

**drug resistant** [ADJ-U11] If an infection is **drug resistant**, it cannot be cured using any drug. **odporny na leki**

**E. coli** [N-UNCOUNT-U11] **E. coli** is a bacteria found in undercooked food which can cause illness. **pałeczka okrężnicy**

**electronic health record** [N-COUNT-U12] An **electronic health record** is an account of a person's medical history that is stored on a computer. **komputerowy zapis historii stanu zdrowia**

**Emergency Severity Index** [N-UNCOUNT-U10] The **Emergency Severity Index** is a method used to determine the severity level of a trauma patient's injuries. **skala oceny stanu pacjenta**

**empathy** [N-UNCOUNT-U3] **Empathy** is the ability to share and relate to someone else's feelings or experiences. **empatia**

**endocarditis** [N-UNCOUNT-U6] **Endocarditis** is a chronic condition in which the inner layers of the heart become inflamed due to bacteria growing inside. **zapalenie wsierdza**

**entrance examination** [N-COUNT-U1] An **entrance examination** is a test that a student must pass before being admitted to an educational institution. **egzamin wstępny**

**ESI level** [N-UNCOUNT-U10] The **ESI level** is a unit of measurement, from 1 to 5 (1 being most serious), of a trauma patient's injuries. **poziom na skali oceny stanu pacjenta**

**estrogen** [N-UNCOUNT-U13] **Estrogen** is a hormone that is produced in the ovaries which regulates the menstrual cycle. **estrogen**

**excision** [N-COUNT-U15] An **excision** is the complete removal of an organ, tissue, or tumor from the body during surgery. **wycięcie, usunięcie**

**excruciating** [ADJ-U5] If pain is **excruciating**, it is extremely bad. **(o bólu) nieznośny, potworny**

**exhaustion** [N-UNCOUNT-U4] **Exhaustion** is the state of being very tired. **wyczerpanie**

**fellowship** [N-COUNT-U1] A **fellowship** is an educational program in which a graduate student receives an allowance of money for teaching or doing research at a university. **stypendium (np. naukowe)**

**fertility** [N-UNCOUNT-U13] **Fertility** is the ability to have children. **plodność**

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- foundation program** [N-COUNT-U1] A **foundation program** is a post-graduate medical program in the United Kingdom that qualifies doctors for general practice or specialized medicine. **program stypendialny**
- gestational diabetes** [N-UNCOUNT-U7] **Gestational diabetes** is a medical condition that occurs during pregnancy when a woman's body is unable to produce enough insulin to regulate the sugar in the blood. **cukrzyca ciążowa**
- glaucoma** [N-UNCOUNT-U7] **Glaucoma** is a disease in which high pressure in the eye causes a person to go blind. **jaskra**
- glucose** [N-UNCOUNT-U7] **Glucose** is a natural form of sugar created by plants. It is also found in the bodies of humans and animals, when carbohydrates are broken down into their core parts. **glukoza**
- gum** [N-COUNT-U7] A **gum** is one of the firm, pink pieces of flesh found in the mouth to which the teeth are attached. **dziąsło**
- hand sanitizer** [N-COUNT-U11] A **hand sanitizer** is a gel, liquid, or foam, typically alcohol-based, that is used to clean the hands. **środek antybakteryjny do mycia rąk**
- harden** [V-I or T-U9] To **harden** something is to make it more rigid and less flexible. **utwardzać, usztywniać**
- health literacy** [N-UNCOUNT-U3] **Health literacy** is the ability to understand and make decisions about health-related information. **świadomość zdrowotna**
- heart disease** [N-UNCOUNT-U9] **Heart disease** is a term for a group of illnesses that affect the heart. **choroba serca**
- hot flash** [N-COUNT-U13] A **hot flash** is a sudden sensation of heat in the face and neck that is triggered by hormone changes in menopause. **uderzenie gorąca**
- immunotherapy** [N-UNCOUNT-U8] **Immunotherapy** is a form of cancer treatment that strengthens the patient's immune system, artificially or naturally. It can also be used to carry poisons straight to cancer cells. **immunoterapia**
- injection** [N-COUNT-U12] An **injection** is a dose of medicine put into a person's body, generally through a needle. **zastrzyk**
- injury** [N-COUNT-U10] An **injury** is any damage to a person's body. **rana**
- insulin** [N-UNCOUNT-U7] **Insulin** is a substance produced by the body that is responsible for regulating the levels of sugar in the blood. **insulina**
- intensity** [N-UNCOUNT-U5] **Intensity** is the degree of something's strength. **intensywność**
- intermittent** [ADJ-U5] If pain is **intermittent**, it goes away for a period of time and then returns. **sporadyczny**
- intervention** [N-UNCOUNT-U6] **Intervention** is the process of treating a condition to cure it or prevent it from becoming worse. **interwencja**
- jargon** [N-UNCOUNT-U3] **Jargon** is the specialized vocabulary used by people in a particular field. **żargon**
- labor** [N-UNCOUNT-U13] **Labor** is a natural childbirth process in which a woman's uterus contracts in preparation to deliver the baby. **tu: poród**
- legible** [ADJ-U2] If something is **legible**, it is easy to read. **czytelny**
- license** [N-COUNT-U1] A **license** is an official document that indicates a person is qualified to perform a particular job. **licencja, prawo wykonywania zawodu**
- licensed** [ADJ-U12] If a person is **licensed**, he or she has a document proving his or her training and qualifications. **licencjonowany, z prawem wykonywania zawodu**
- licensed practical nurse (LPN)** [N-COUNT-U12] A **licensed practical nurse (LPN)** is a health care worker who provides basic care for patients. LPNs have about one year of nursing education, and they are always monitored by a higher-level nurse or a doctor. **pielęgniarka bez dyplomu, z prawem wykonywania zawodu**
- loan** [N-COUNT-U4] A **loan** is an amount of money that a person or group borrows and must pay back to the lender. **pożyczka**
- malpractice** [N-UNCOUNT-U4] **Malpractice** is neglectful, unethical, or illegal action by a doctor during the practice of medicine. **zaniedbanie, nadużycie**
- medical degree** [N-COUNT-U1] A **medical degree** is a degree that a student earns upon graduating from medical school. **tytuł lekarza**
- medical record** [N-COUNT-U2] A **medical record** is a collection of a patient's medical history, including past and current medical conditions, medications, and other medical details. **karta pacjenta**
- medical school** [N-COUNT-U1] A **medical school** is an educational institution that prepares students for jobs in medicine. **uczelnia medyczna**
- menopause** [N-UNCOUNT-U13] **Menopause** is the end of a woman's menstruation, after which she is no longer capable of becoming pregnant. **menopauza**

**mild** [ADJ-U5] If pain is **mild**, it is not very severe. **łagodny**

**minor** [ADJ-U15] If an injury is **minor**, it is not very serious and can wait to be treated. **drobny**

**miscommunication** [N-UNCOUNT-U3] **Miscommunication** is a mistake about the content of a communication. **nieporozumienie**

**moderate** [ADJ-U5] If pain is **moderate**, it hurts, but it is not extreme. **umiarkowany**

**MRSA** [N-UNCOUNT-U11] **MRSA** is a type of bacteria which cannot be treated with antibiotics. **gronkowiec złocisty oporny na metycylinę**

**near miss** [N-COUNT-U2] A **near miss** is a situation in which an accident or crisis almost occurred but was avoided. **sytuacja, w której prawie coś się stało („o mały włos”)**

**neurologist** [N-COUNT-U14] A **neurologist** is a doctor who specializes in the treatment of disorders of the nervous system. **neurolog**

**neurology** [N-UNCOUNT-U14] **Neurology** is the branch of medicine that focuses on disorders of the nervous system. **neurologia**

**neurosurgeon** [N-COUNT-U14] A **neurosurgeon** is a doctor who performs operations on the brain. **neurochirurg**

**nonverbal** [ADJ-U3] If communication is **nonverbal**, it occurs without the use of spoken language. **niewerbalny**

**nosocomial** [ADJ-U11] If an infection is **nosocomial**, it spreads in a hospital. **szpitalny**

**not affected** [N-UNCOUNT-U6] If something is **not affected**, this means it does not have a particular illness. **nie dotknięty (chorobą)**

**numbness** [N-UNCOUNT-U14] **Numbness** is the inability of a part of the body to feel stimulation. **zdrętwienie, odrętwienie**

**nurse practitioner (NP)** [N-COUNT-U12] A **nurse practitioner (NP)** is a nurse who provides advanced care for patients. **dyplomowany pielęgniarz/pielęgniarka**

**OB Triage** [N-COUNT-U13] An **OB Triage** is an area of a hospital for emergency care for pregnant women. **położniczo-ginekologiczna izba przyjęć**

**OB/GYN** [N-UNCOUNT-U13] **OB/GYN**, or obstetrics and gynecology, are medical specialties that deal with the female reproductive organs in their pregnant and non-pregnant states, respectively. **położnictwo i ginekologia**

**oncologist** [N-COUNT-U8] An **oncologist** is a doctor who specializes in the study and treatment of cancer and tumors. **onkolog**

**oncology** [N-UNCOUNT-U8] **Oncology** is the part of medical science that studies and treats cancer and tumors. **onkologia**

**open-ended question** [N-COUNT-U3] An **open-ended question** is a question that requires an answer longer than a one-word response. **pytanie otwarte**

**operating room** [N-COUNT-U15] An **operating room** is a room where surgical procedures are performed. **sala operacyjna**

**operation** [N-COUNT-U15] An **operation** is an act of performing surgery on a patient. **operacja**

**osteoporosis** [N-UNCOUNT-U6] **Osteoporosis** is a chronic condition in which the bone slowly weakens and becomes prone to breaking. **osteoporoza**

**outpatient** [N-COUNT-U8] An **outpatient** is a patient who receives medical treatment in a hospital and does not have to spend the night there. **pacjent ambulatoryjny**

**paperwork** [N-UNCOUNT-U4] **Paperwork** is official documentation of something, usually required to maintain legal and accurate records of something. **dokumentacja**

**paralysis** [N-UNCOUNT-U14] **Paralysis** is the loss of function in one or more muscles. **paraliż**

**patient flow** [N-UNCOUNT-U12] **Patient flow** is a way to determine the amount of time it takes for patients to complete a visit to a hospital or doctor's office. **określenie czasu przypadającego na wizytę u lekarza**

**peripheral nervous system** [N-COUNT-U14] The **peripheral nervous system** is the part of the nervous system that consists of the nerves outside the brain and spinal cord. **obwodowy układ nerwowy**

**photodynamic therapy** [N-UNCOUNT-U8] **Photodynamic therapy** is a form of cancer treatment that uses light and drugs to kill cancer cells. **terapia fotodynamiczna**

**plan of care** [N-COUNT-U2] A **plan of care** is an outline of how a patient will be treated. **plan opieki nad pacjentem**

**pneumonia** [N-UNCOUNT-U6] **Pneumonia** is an acute condition in which the lungs become inflamed and filled with fluid. **zapalenie płuc**

# Glossary

- point of entry** [N-COUNT-U12] A **point of entry** is the stage at which a patient starts to receive medical care. **objęcie opieką medyczną**
- post-op** [ADJ-U15] If something is **post-op**, it occurs after a surgical operation. **pooperacyjny**
- preconception** [N-COUNT-U3] A **preconception** is an assumption that someone has about something before knowing much about it. **uprzedzenie, z góry wyrobiony sąd**
- pre-existing** [ADJ-U6] If a condition is **pre-existing**, it is present before one obtains medical insurance or treatment. **uprzedni**
- pregnancy** [N-COUNT-U13] **Pregnancy** is the carrying of one or more unborn children inside a woman's uterus. **ciąża**
- pre-op** [ADJ-U15] If something is **pre-op**, it occurs before a surgical operation. **przedoperacyjny**
- prerequisite** [N-COUNT-U1] A **prerequisite** is a requirement that a student must complete before enrolling in a course or educational program. **warunek wstępny, warunek zasadniczy**
- prescribe** [V-T-U12] To **prescribe** something is to recommend a medication for a patient. **przepisywać (lekarstwo)**
- priority** [N-COUNT-U10] A **priority** is something that should be done before other things are done. **priorytet, pierwszeństwo**
- progesterone** [N-UNCOUNT-U13] **Progesterone** is a hormone that is produced in the ovaries which prepares the uterus lining for pregnancy. It also maintains the uterus lining during pregnancy. **progesteron**
- radiation therapy** [N-UNCOUNT-U8] **Radiation therapy** is a form of cancer treatment that uses high-energy x-rays to prevent cancer cells from growing or splitting further. **radioterapia**
- rapport** [N-UNCOUNT-U3] A **rapport** is a feeling of understanding and a connection between two people that helps them communicate well. **wzajemne zrozumienie**
- recovery room** [N-COUNT-U15] A **recovery room** is an area where patients go after an operation to recover from anesthesia and other effects of the procedure. **pokój wybudzeń**
- recurring** [ADJ-U14] A **recurring** condition is an illness that happens repeatedly. **powracający, powtarzający się**
- registered nurse (RN)** [N-COUNT-U12] A **registered nurse (RN)** is a nurse who provides basic care for patients, but also has other more advanced duties, such as performing tests and giving medication. **pielęgniarka dyplomowana**
- resection** [N-COUNT-U15] A **resection** is the removal of an organ or lesion (such as a tumor) by cutting it away from the body. **resekcja, wycięcie**
- residency** [N-COUNT-U1] A **residency** is a period of time that a medical graduate spends studying at a hospital to receive advanced training. **rezydentura**
- resources** [N-COUNT-U10] **Resources** are anything people use (such as equipment or workers) to achieve a goal (such as treating trauma patients). **środki**
- scalpel** [N-COUNT-U15] A **scalpel** is a very sharp knife used to make surgical incisions and other cuts. **skalpel**
- scarlet fever** [N-UNCOUNT-U6] **Scarlet fever** is an acute illness characterized by a fever, sore throat, and bright red rashes on the body. **szkarlatyna**
- seizure** [N-COUNT-U14] A **seizure** is a symptom of excessive brain activity, resulting in temporary thrashing movements or a loss of awareness. **atak, napad**
- sharp** [ADJ-U5] If pain is **sharp**, it is very strong and comes on very suddenly. **ostry**
- shift** [N-COUNT-U4] A **shift** is a period of time that someone is scheduled to work. **zmiana**
- shift change** [N-COUNT-U2] A **shift change** is when one group of workers, such as nurses or doctors, leaves work for the day and another group replaces them. **koniec/początek zmiany**
- shooting** [ADJ-U5] If pain is **shooting**, it feels like the pain is passing through a body part very quickly. **(o bólu) rozdzierający, przeszywający**
- shortage** [N-COUNT-U4] A **shortage** is a situation in which there is too little of something. **niedobór**
- smoking** [N-UNCOUNT-U9] **Smoking** is the act of inhaling tobacco smoke through a cigarette or other means. **palenie papierosów**
- staph infection** [N-COUNT-U11] A **staph infection** is an illness caused by the bacteria staphylococcus. **zakażenie gronkowcem**
- status** [N-COUNT-U2] A **status** is the current state or condition of someone or something. **status, stan**
- stent** [N-COUNT-U9] A **stent** is an artificial tube inserted into an artery, or other tube in the body, to keep it open. **stent**
- sterile** [ADJ-U15] If something is **sterile**, it is free of all living and potentially dangerous microorganisms. **sterylny**

**strep virus** [N-COUNT-U6] The **strep virus** is an organism that causes throat infections and scarlet fever. **paciorkowiec**

**surgeon** [N-COUNT-U15] A **surgeon** is a doctor specializing in the use of manual and instrumental techniques to treat a disease or injury. **chirurg**

**surgery** [N-UNCOUNT-U15] **Surgery** is a medical specialty that involves the use of manual and instrumental techniques to treat a disease or injury. **chirurgia**

**suture** [N-COUNT-U15] A **suture** is a stitch used by surgeons to hold tissue together. **szew chirurgiczny**

**therapeutic** [ADJ-U3] If something is **therapeutic**, it helps someone to heal or feel relaxed. **terapeutyczny**

**throbbing** [ADJ-U5] If pain is **throbbing**, it beats, or stops and starts, very quickly. **(o bólu) pulsujący**

**transplant** [N-COUNT-U15] A **transplant** is the surgical act of moving an organ from one body to another. **przeszczep, transplantacja**

**trauma** [N-UNCOUNT-U10] **Trauma** is a severe bodily wound or shock caused by a sudden injury. It can often lead to secondary complications including death. **uraz, trauma**

**triage** [N-UNCOUNT-U10] **Triage** is the process of determining the order to treat trauma patients based on the severity of their injuries. **system segregacji rannych**

**triage station** [N-COUNT-U10] A **triage station** is a location in an emergency room where patients are divided into different groups depending on the severity of their injuries. **punkt segregacji rannych**

**trimester** [N-COUNT-U13] A **trimester** is a period of three months that pregnancy is commonly divided into. **trymestr**

**type 1 diabetes** [N-UNCOUNT-U7] **Type 1 diabetes** is a serious medical condition that usually affects children and teens, whose bodies are not able to make insulin. This results in too much sugar in the bloodstream. **cukrzyca typu 1**

**type 2 diabetes** [N-UNCOUNT-U7] **Type 2 diabetes** is a serious medical condition that usually develops in adulthood. People with this condition do not make enough insulin to control the levels of sugar in their bloodstream, and/or they are resistant to the insulin that is produced. **cukrzyca typu 2**

**unbearable** [ADJ-U5] If pain is **unbearable**, it is extremely hard or even impossible to withstand. **nie do wytrzymania**

**undergraduate** [N-COUNT-U1] An **undergraduate** is a college or university student who has not yet earned any degrees. **student na studiach licencjackich**

**urinary catheter** [N-COUNT-U11] A **urinary catheter** is a tube fitted to a person's body which allows him or her to urinate without leaving the bed. **cewnik**

**vaccine** [N-COUNT-U12] A **vaccine** is a substance consisting of killed micro-organisms that is put into a person's body to prevent a disease from developing. **szczepionka**

**vector** [N-COUNT-U11] A **vector** is something which carries a disease from one place to another. **nosiciel pośredni**

**ventilator-associated pneumonia** [N-UNCOUNT-U11] **Ventilator-associated pneumonia** is a type of pneumonia which occurs when people are on machines which help them breathe. **zapalenie płuc związane z terapią respiratorem**

**verbal** [ADJ-U3] If communication is **verbal**, it is done through the use of spoken language. **werbalny**

**vertigo** [N-UNCOUNT-U14] **Vertigo** is a kind of dizziness in which a person feels like he or she is moving when stationary. **zawroty głowy**

**vigilant** [ADJ-U11] If a person is **vigilant**, he or she is always careful to notice possible problems or dangers. **czujny**

**water breaks** [PHRASE-U13] A women's "**water breaks**" when she is in labor. **odejście wód płodowych (tu: odchodzą wody)**

**wound** [N-COUNT-U10] A **wound** is an injury to a person which involves splitting the skin. **rana**