## Glossary

ABET [N-UNCOUNT-U3] The American Board for Engineering and Technology (ABET) is the governing body that grants accreditation to university engineering degree programs in the United States. Amerykańska Rada Akredytacyjna Inżynierii i Technologii
abstract [ADJ-U6] Something that is abstract can generally exist only as an idea. It is the opposite of "concrete." abstrakcyjny
accredited [ADJ-U3] Something that is accredited has been officially recognized by a governing body as meeting certain basic requirements. akredytowany
advertising [N-UNCOUNT-U11] Advertising is the process of calling consumers' attention to a company's products or services. reklama
agriculture [N-UNCOUNT-U12] Agriculture is the science of farming. rolnictwo
analysis [N-COUNT-U5] Analysis is the act of closely examining something. analiza
application [N-COUNT-U5] Application is the act of putting an idea into practice. zastosowanie
approach [N-COUNT-U5] An approach is how you deal with something. podejście
assembly line [N-COUNT-U13] An assembly line is a line of workers or machines in a factory working on a product. A worker performs a job and then the product moves to the next worker. linia montażowa
assess [V-TRANS-U14] To assess something is to evaluate it. ocenić, oszacować
attack [V-TRANS-U5] To attack something is to attempt to solve it. zaatakować, tu: próbować rozwiązać problem
axis [N-COUNT-U7] An axis is the line on a graph that shows a point's position. os
bachelor's degree [N-COUNT-U3] A bachelor's degree is an undergraduate degree that is awarded upon completion of a course of study that typically lasts four years. stopień licencjata
bar graph [N-COUNT-U7] A bar graph is a chart that uses rectangles of different lengths to show amounts. wykres słupkowy/kolumnowy
blueprint [N-COUNT-U8] A blueprint is a plan for building something. projekt, plan
body language [N-UNCOUNT-U4] Body language refers to communication through body movements instead of speaking. język ciała
brittle [ADJ-U9] A brittle material will break easily under pressure. kruchy
calculation [N-COUNT-U10] A calculation is a function of mathematics wherein numbers are manipulated to achieve a result. Calculations can include addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, and other operations. obliczenie
capacity [N-UNCOUNT-U13] Capacity refers to the maximum amount of work a company or organization can perform. zdolność produkcyjna, wydajność
catapult [ $N$-COUNT-U1] A catapult is a device designed to throw objects long distances without the use of explosives such as gunpowder. katapulta
citation [N-COUNT-U4] A citation is a reference to a piece of writing. cytat
commission [N-COUNT-U11] A commission is a payment made to a sales agent in return for securing a sale or other business relationship. prowizja
common sense [N-UNCOUNT-U2] Common sense is practical knowledge. zdrowy rozsądek
competence [N-UNCOUNT-U2] Competence is a person's ability to do something as it should be done. kompetencja
competitor [N-COUNT-U11] A competitor is a rival company that creates similar products and is competing for the same consumers. konkurent
comprehension [N-UNCOUNT-U5] Comprehension is the step of a problem solving method in which data and theory combine to solve a problem. pojmowanie
computer science [N-UNCOUNT-U14] Computer science is the study of how computers can be used. informatyka
concrete [ADJ-U6] Something that is concrete either currently exists in reality or could exist in reality. It is the opposite of "abstract." konkretny
conductor [N-COUNT-U9] A conductor is a material that lets electricity or heat pass through it. przewodnik
consult [V-T-U11] To consult with someone is to give them professional or expert advice. konsultować
convention [N-COUNT-U10] A convention is a method or practice established through widespread or common use. zwyczaj
convention [N-COUNT-U6] A convention is something that is the subject of general agreement or consent. konwencja
conveyor [N-COUNT-U13] A conveyor is a piece of equipment that moves materials in a line from one area to another. przenośnik
coordinate [N-COUNT-U7] A coordinate is a pair of numbers that show position on a graph. koordynaty
cost-effective [ADJ-U13] Something that is cost-effective is worth the amount of money you spent on it. kosztowo-efektywny / opłacalny
counterweight [N-COUNT-U1] A counterweight is a heavy object that is used to balance some type of load. In trebuchets, it is the weight that causes the sling to rotate around the pivot and launch the projectile. przeciwwaga
courage [N-UNCOUNT-U2] When you have courage you are brave enough to do something. odwaga creative [ADJ-U6] Something that is creative is the result of unique and different thought or expression. twórczy
crop [N-COUNT-U12] A crop is a group of plants that you grow in order to eat or sell. plon
cross-section [N-COUNT-U8] A cross-section is a drawing of something cut in half to reveal the inside of it. przekrój
cue card [N-COUNT-U4] A cue card is a card with information that helps a person remember what to say. fiszka
curiosity [N-UNCOUNT-U2] Curiosity is an interest in learning something. ciekawość
deficiency [N-COUNT-U15] A deficiency is a lack of a necessary nutrient or other desirable item. niedobór
degree [ N -COUNT-U2] A degree is an academic qualification completed at a college. stopień
demonstrate [V-I-U11] To demonstrate something is to show another person how it works. zademonstrować
dependability [N-UNCOUNT-U2] Dependability is the ability for people to trust you to do things. rzetelność
dependent variable [ N -COUNT-U7] A dependent variable is a number that depends on the value of another part of a mathematical equation. zmienna zależna
depth [ $N$-COUNT-U8] Depth is how deep something is. głębokość
design [N-COUNT-U14] The design of software is its planning and structure. projekt
development [N-UNCOUNT-U14] Development is the act of actually making software. programowanie
diagram [N-COUNT-U8] A diagram is a drawn plan for something. schemat
digit [ N -COUNT-U10] A digit is a number. cyfra
dimension [N-COUNT-U8] A dimension is the size of something. wymiar
distribution uniformity [N-UNCOUNT-U12] Distribution uniformity is a percentage of how equally water is being applied to an area. równomierność rozkładu, tu: równomierność nawadniania
DNA [N-UNCOUNT-U15] DNA is a main component of chromosomes. It transfers genetic material in all living organisms. DNA
DNA probe [N-COUNT-U15] A DNA probe is a fragment of DNA that is used to detect a manipulated gene. sonda molekularna
doctorate [N-COUNT-U3] A doctorate is a postgraduate degree that typically represents the highest possible level of study in a particular field. It is achieved through several years of study beyond an initial undergraduate degree. doktorat
drainage [N-UNCOUNT-U12] Drainage is the removal of excess water. odwadnianie / drenaż
ductility [N-UNCOUNT-U9] Ductility refers to a material's ability to not break under tensile force. ciągliwośc
EAB [N-UNCOUNT-U3] The Engineering Accreditation Board (EAB) is the governing body that grants accreditation to university engineering degree programs in the United Kingdom. Rada Akredytacyjna Inżynierii (w Wielkiej Brytanii)
entry-level [ADJ-U3] Something that is entry-level is related to low-level job positions wherein new university graduates can gain experience and skills. poziom podstawowy
ergonomics [N-UNCOUNT-U13] Ergonomics is the science of designing equipment and workspaces that benefit and aid the worker. ergonomia

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expertise [N-UNCOUNT-U11] Expertise is a high level of skill or knowledge on a certain topic or subject. biegłość
exploded view [N-COUNT-U8] An exploded view is a drawing that shows how different parts of something fit together by drawing the parts separately. rozwinięcie, rysunek przedstawiający wzajemne ustawienie części względem siebie
expression [N-UNCOUNT-U15] Expression is the action of a gene that is showing a certain distinguishing characteristic. ekspresja
facility layout [N-UNCOUNT-U13] Facility layout refers to the design and arrangement of a factory's workspace. rozplanowanie zakładu pracy
feedback [N-UNCOUNT-U6] Feedback is a reaction to an object or activity. It usually includes opinions on how the object or activity can be improved. sprzężenie zwrotne
flood-irrigation [N-UNCOUNT-U12] Flood irrigation covers an entire area with water. nawadnianie powierzchniowe
gene [N-COUNT-U15] A gene is a section of DNA which contains the information that determines physical characteristics. gen
general-to-specific strategy [N-COUNT-U4] A general-to-specific strategy is a way of organizing information so that you discuss general ideas first and then specific details. strategia od ogółu do szczegółu
geometry [N-COUNT-U8] Geometry is the mathematical shape and arrangement of an object. geometria
GMO [N-COUNT-U15] A genetically modified organism (GMO) is an organism whose genetic material has been changed. Both plants and animals can be GMOs. organizm modyfikowany genetycznie
graph [N-COUNT-U7] A graph is a diagram showing a relationship between variables. graf
handout [N-COUNT-U4] A handout is a document that you distribute to people during class or a presentation. materiały (szkoleniowe)
hardness [N-UNCOUNT-U9] Hardness is a property that makes an object difficult to dent or break. twardość
hydrology [N-UNCOUNT-U12] Hydrology is the study of water. hydrologia
independent variable [ $N$-COUNT-U7] An independent variable is a number that does not depend on the value of another part of a mathematical equation. zmienna niezależna
innovation [N-UNCOUNT-U6] Innovation is the act of coming up with new and different ideas. innowacja, nowatorski pomysł
insulator [ $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{COUNT}-\mathrm{U} 9$ ] An insulator is a material that prevents heat or electricity from passing through it. izolator
integer [N-COUNT-U10] An integer is any positive or negative whole number, including zero. liczba całkowita
interpersonal [ADJ-U2] When something is interpersonal it is between people. międzyludzki, interpersonalny
inventory [N-COUNT-U13] An inventory is a list of the materials and goods in a factory. inwentarz, lista inwentaryzacyjna
irrigation [N-UNCOUNT-U12] Irrigation is the supplying of water to crops. irygacja, nawadnianie
iteration [N-COUNT-U5] An iteration is an instance of doing something repeatedly. iteracja, powtarzanie
iterative procedure [N-COUNT-U5] An iterative procedure is the act of doing something over and over with slight changes until you perfect it. procedura iteracyjna
KISS [V PHRASE-U4] KISS (Keep It Short and Simple) is a principle that reminds a person to present or do something in the simplest way. krótko, prosto i do rzeczy
leading zero [N-COUNT-U10] A leading zero is a zero that leads a number string. zero prowadzące
length [N-COUNT-U8] Length is how long something is. długość
liaison [N-COUNT-U11] A liaison is a person who creates and maintains contact between two groups in order to ensure collective action or cooperation. łącznik
line graph [N-COUNT-U7] A line graph is a chart showing points connected by straight lines. wykres liniowy
localized irrigation [N-UNCOUNT-U12] Localized irrigation applies small amounts of water directly to plants. nawadnianie punktowe
logic [N-UNCOUNT-U5] Logic is a reasonable way of thinking. logika
logistics [N-COUNT-U9] Logistics refer to the organizing of an operation or process so that it happens efficiently. logistyka
long-term [ADJ-U2] When something is long-term it happens for a long time. długoterminowy
luster [N-UNCOUNT-U9] Luster refers to the brightness or shine of a metal. połysk
maintenance [N-UNCOUNT-U14] Maintenance is fixing a software's flaws after it is released. utrzymanie oprogramowania
malleable [ADJ-U9] A malleable material bends easily when you press it. elastyczny, ciągliwy, kowalny
manipulate [V-I-U15] To manipulate something is to change or influence it. manipulować
market research [N-UNCOUNT-U11] Market research is the process of surveying the public to gain information about consumer tastes or preferences. badanie rynku
marketing [N-UNCOUNT-U11] Marketing includes all the activities that a company undertakes in order to advertise, sell, and deliver a product to consumers. marketing
mass [N-UNCOUNT-U1] Mass determines the degree to which a body creates or is affected by a gravitational field. In everyday usage, it is usually equated with the word "weight." In scientific usage, however, it can be used to refer to several different properties. masa
master's degree [N-COUNT-U3] A master's degree is a postgraduate degree that is awarded to people who have developed a level of mastery over a particular field. It is achieved through one or more additional years of study beyond an initial undergraduate degree. stopień magistra
mechanical advantage [N-UNCOUNT-U1] Mechanical advantage is the factor by which a machine or mechanism multiplies the force that is being applied to it. przełożenie siłowe maszyny
MEng [N-COUNT-U3] The Master's of Engineering (MEng) is a master's degree in the field of engineering. magister inżynier
Middle Ages [N-UNCOUNT-U1] The Middle Ages is a period of history that extends from the 5th century through the 15th century. Średniowiecze
modify [V-I-U11] To modify something is to alter or change the qualities of it in order to make it better. modyfikować
molecular cloning [N-UNCOUNT-U15] Molecular cloning is the process of copying genes. klonowanie molekularne

MSc [N-COUNT-U3] The Master's of Science (MSc) is a master's degree in a scientific field. magister nauk ścisłych
MSc(Res) [N-COUNT-U3] The Master's of Science by Research (MSc[Res]) is a master's degree in a scientific field that is achieved primarily through research instead of classroom instruction. stopień magistra nauk ścisłych uzyskany na drodze badań własnych
natural [ADJ-U9] Natural materials come from nature. Glass, stone, and wood are some examples. naturalny
norm [N-COUNT-U6] A norm is a standard or commonly-held notion. norma
notation [N-COUNT-U10] In mathematics, a notation is a system of representing mathematical objects or ideas. Numbers and function symbols are examples of notations. notacja
objective [N-COUNT-U4] An objective is the main goal that a person aims to achieve. cel, zadanie
operation [N-UNCOUNT-U14] Operation is use of software. obsługa, działanie
order of magnitude [ N -COUNT-U10] An order of magnitude is the class of scale of any amount. It usually contains a value that is of a certain ratio to the class preceding it. For example, 0.1 is one order of magnitude greater than 0.01 , and 1 is one order of magnitude greater than 0.1 . rząd wielkości
organization [N-UNCOUNT-U2] Organization is the ability to plan and put things together in an orderly fashion. organizacja
originality [N-UNCOUNT-U6] Originality is the quality of being independent, new, and unique. oryginalność
out of the box [ADJ-PHRASE-U6] Something that is out of the box is outside the realm of conventional thought or practice. Could also be expressed as "outside the box." nieszablonowy
payload [N-COUNT-U1] A payload is an object or quantity to be sent or thrown. masa użyteczna
perimeter [N-COUNT-U8] Perimeter is the length of something's outer edges. obwód
PhD [N-COUNT-U3] The Doctor of Philosophy (PhD) is a doctorate that can be achieved in a variety of fields. Dr

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pivot [N-COUNT-U1] A pivot is the object around which other objects rotate or turn. oś, sworzeń
pivot-irrigation [N-UNCOUNT-U12] Pivot-irrigation involves a machine that rotates, applying water to a circular area around the machine. nawadnianie rotacyjne
plastics [N-COUNT-U9] Plastics are synthetic materials that one can shape into many different forms. plastiki
plausible [ADJ-U6] Something that is plausible seems reasonable or achievable. wiarygodny, możliwy do przyjęcia
postgraduate degree [N-COUNT-U3] A postgraduate degree is any degree that is awarded upon completion of additional years of study beyond the initial undergraduate degree. Master's degrees and doctorates are examples of postgraduate degrees. stopień naukowy powyżej licencjatu
presentation program [N-COUNT-U4] A presentation program is a computer program that lets you display information in a slide show. program do prezentacji
problem identification [N-COUNT-U5] Problem identification is the act of stating what issues one must address in a situation. sformułowanie problemu
problem modeling [N-UNCOUNT-U14] Problem modeling is the assessment of software for issues. modelowanie problemu
problem solving [N-UNCOUNT-U2] Problem solving is the act of resolving issues and finding solutions. rozwiązywanie problemu
projectile [N-COUNT-U1] A projectile is an object that is being launched or thrown through the air. pocisk
projector [N-COUNT-U4] A projector is a machine that lets you show images on a screen or surface. projektor
quality [N-COUNT-U2] A quality is a feature that someone or something has. tu: cecha
quality [N-UNCOUNT-U14] Quality is how well software is designed. jakość
quality control [N-UNCOUNT-U13] Quality control refers to the activities one performs to ensure a product's quality and safety. kontrola jakości
quantitative thinking [N-UNCOUNT-U2] Quantitative thinking is the ability to think in terms of numbers. myślenie ilościowe
quantity [N-COUNT-U10] A quantity is an amount of something. It can be either precise or indefinite. ilość
redefine [V-TRANS-U5] To redefine something is to state it again in a different manner. przedefiniować
rounding error [N-COUNT-U10] A rounding error is a miscalculation that results from improperly rounding a number to a convenient number of decimals. błąd zaokrąglenia
salinity [N-UNCOUNT-U12] Salinity is the amount of salt in something. zasolenie
scale [N-COUNT-U8] Scale is the relationship between the size of something drawn and its real size. skala
scatter plot [N-COUNT-U7] A scatter plot is a chart with many points on it to show relationships between two variables. diagram rozproszenia
schematic [N-COUNT-U8] A schematic shows the form and features of something. schemat
scientific notation [N-UNCOUNT-U10] Scientific notation is a way of easily expressing very large or very small quantities. It incorporates the use of superscript digits. $3 \times 10^{6}$, for example, is $3,000,000$ written in scientific notation. notacja wykładnicza
select [V-I-U15] To select something is to choose it. wybrać, wyselekcjonować
siege engine [N-COUNT-U1] A siege engine is a device that was used in the Middle Ages to destroy castle walls, city walls, or other fortifications during a siege. maszyna oblężnicza
significant figure [ N -COUNT-U10] A significant figure is a digit that helps identify a number's precision. All numbers are significant except for leading and trailing zeros when they serve as placeholders, or digits that are introduced as a result of calculations that are carried out to more decimal places than the original numbers. cyfra znacząca
signpost [N-COUNT-U4] A signpost is a phrase or word that helps signal the different parts of a presentation to the audience. drogowskaz
sling [N-COUNT-U1] A sling is a device that holds and, when subjected to the proper forces, launches or throws a projectile. proca
software engineering [N-UNCOUNT-U14] Software engineering is a profession that develops and improves computer programs. inżynieria oprogramowania
solution [N-COUNT-U5] A solution is an answer to a problem. rozwiązanie
streamline [V-T-U13] To streamline an operation is to improve it and make it more efficient. optymalizować summarize [V-T-U4] To summarize something is to briefly repeat its main points. podsumować
supply chain [ N -COUNT-U13] A supply chain consists of all the people and resources that help get a product from a supplier to a customer. łańcuch dostaw
synthesis [N-COUNT-U5] A synthesis is a mixture of ideas. synteza
synthetic [ADJ-U9] Synthetic materials are artificial, man-made substances. syntetyczny
technical [ADJ-U11] If something is technical, it relates to a specific skill, art, or science. techniczny / fachowy
technological [ADJ-U11] If something is technological, it is related to science and technology. technologiczny
tensile [ADJ-U9] A tensile material is able to stretch easily. rozciągliwy
testing [N-UNCOUNT-U14] Testing is the act of making sure software works. testowanie
tillage [N-UNCOUNT-U12] Tillage is the preparing of soil for crops. uprawa ziemi
torque [N-UNCOUNT-U1] Torque is a measure of the turning force being placed upon an object. moment obrotowy
trailing zero [N-COUNT-U10] A trailing zero is a zero that occurs in the decimal representation of a number. No other digits follow a trailing zero (or a series of trailing zeros), and they are always considered significant. zero końcowe
trait [N-COUNT-U15] A trait is a distinguishing characteristic. cecha (charakterystyczna)
transformation [N-UNCOUNT-U15] Transformation is the process of changing in appearance, form, nature, or character. przeobrażenie, przekształcenie
transparent [ADJ-U9] A transparent material is clear and easy to see through. przezroczysty
trebuchet [N-COUNT-U1] A trebuchet is a weapon that was popular during the Middle Ages. It was often used to launch rocks and other items into to walls of the fort or castle that was being attacked. katapulta
undergraduate degree [N-COUNT-U3] An undergraduate degree is a degree that is awarded upon completion of a general course of study that typically last four years. stopień naukowy do licencjatu włącznie
validation [N-UNCOUNT-U14] Validation is making sure that software satisfies the user's needs. walidacja, sprawdzenie
vector [N-COUNT-U15] A vector is a DNA molecule that is used to transfer genetic material from one cell to another. wektor
verification [N-UNCOUNT-U14] Verification is making sure that software meets its design specifications. weryfikacja
verification [N-UNCOUNT-U6] Verification is the process of establishing the accuracy or truth of something. weryfikacja
vision [N-UNCOUNT-U6] A vision is an imaginative conception of something which has not happened yet. wizja
visual aid [ $N$-COUNT-U4] A visual aid is an image that people look at during a presentation. pomoc wizualna
water rights [N-COUNT-U12] A water right is the right of a person to use water from a source like a river or stream. prawo wodne
width [N-COUNT-U8] Width is how wide something is. szerokość
X axis [N-COUNT-U7] The x axis is the horizontal axis on a graph. oś odciętych
Y axis [N-COUNT-U7] The y axis is the vertical axis on a graph. oś rzędnych

